THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. 41-27 — E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1.50 per year in advance

Historical Society

NAPANEE, ONTARIO, CANADA—TUESDAY, AUGUST 14th, 1923.

A Wise Purchase is the Best Economy

"SALADA" TEA is the wisest purchase you can make.

Pure, Fresh and so Delicious—Just try it.

DOXSEE & CO.

Millinery

An attractive collection of Summer Hats in White, Sand, Grey, Mountain Haze, including exclusive designs in Sport Hats.

Hosiery

Silk and Lisle, in all the newest shades, including Pearl, Sand and Black.

Prices moderate.

Corsets and Brassieres a Specialty

The Leading Millinery House

Genuine Scotch Tweed

SUITS TO ORDER

Reg. Values, $45

Our Price for Aug. $40

W.W.ADAMS

Merchant Tailor

Newburgh, - Ont.

INSURANCE

For Fire Insurance try ALFRED McCUTCHEON, Roblin.

A number of companies to choose from.

Office: Residence, Roblin, Main Street. 27-tf

H. W. GALLAGHER

The People's Auctioneer

My experience in handling a number of very successful sales has convinced my patrons that I am capable of handling any sale and guarantee to give you perfect satisfaction.

List your sales with me.

H. W. GALLAGHER.

Phone 10 ring 1-3, Adolphustown. 11-3-m

Brick

Special Prices to clear out the yard.

W. H. J. HAINES

TAMWORTH, - ONTARIO 24-tf

Paris Green, Arsenate of Lead, Fly Oil. DAVY & ALLISON.

Assisting the Farmer

THE interests and requirements of agriculture are fully understood and well served by this bank. To encourage progressive enterprise in the farmer and to make his financing as easy as possible, practical assistance in the form of loans is given, and complete banking facilities, specially adapted to farm business, are available at each one of our branches. Consult our local manager.

THE DOMINION BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH G. PATTON CARR, Manager

Roblin Branch, open Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, April 30th to November 15th. Thursday and Friday from November 15th to April 30th.

WANTED—Second hand cash register in good condition. Apply Box 622, Napanee.

HOUSE FOR SALE—On Thomas street. 6 room house, all newly decorated, electric lights. Apply GEO. HARTMAN. 29-1-f

FOR SALE—Two good frame houses on the north side of Mill street. Apply to WALTER PLUMLEY, Napanee. 23-tf

LOST—Between Napanee and Croydon, via Selby road, a Lady's black satin coat. Will finder kindly return to this office. 36

FOR SALE—One Chevrolet, 8 cylinder, one Chalmbin six, with art-craft top. Both in good running condition. Bargain for quick sale. CHEVROLET GARAGE, Belleville. 35-cp

FOR SALE—One of the most desirable properties in town, all modern conveniences and excellent location. Opposite Harvey Warner Park. Apply to C. W. BOWEN. 27-tf

ALWAYS a number of farms and houses in town for sale. Owners may also list property for sale at low terms. No sale, no charge. T. B. GERMAN, Barrister, Napanee, Ont. 6-tf

WANTED—Seven men for the West for harvest and threshing. Five dollars a day straight through. One woman, fifty dollars a month. Apply to JOEL SCHAMEHORN, Piato, Sask. 37-bp

½ TON FORD TRUCK FOR SALE 1917, a sacrifice. Have you heard about the new Peerless Hand Milker. Ask your neighbor. Frost & Wood Machinery and Cockshutt Plows. Slated Roofing. Sold by SPENCER & SON. 34

WANTED—The Children's Aid Society would be pleased to receive any quantity of cast off clothing, suitable for boys and girls from one to fourteen years of age. Any person having same to give away, kindly communicate with the undersigned. F. W. BARRETT, Inspector C.A.S., Napanee, Box 86.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A very valuable and most desirable farm of 150 acres, possessing exceptional conveniences and attractions; situation the very best, being the east quarter of lot 18 and the west half of lot 19 in the fifth concession of the Township of Ernestown. Considered from every standpoint this is perhaps the best opportunity now in sight or on the market in this district, for any person wishing to purchase a farm. For particulars apply to W. J. NORMILE, Napanee, or T. B. GERMAN, Barrister, Napanee, Ont. 35

HORSES FOR SALE—One general purpose blocky mare, weight 1400 lbs., sound and true; one general purpose blocky mare, 1200 lbs., sound and true; one general purpose mare, 1100 lbs. first-class driver and good worker. Pony outfit for sale—pony, harness, cart, buggy and cutter, quiet for children to handle. Cleveland Tractor, A1 condition, only used a short time, at a bargain price. Cruising boat, 36 ft. long, capacity 8 tons, Red Wing motor, 24 horse power, 4 cylinder, 4 cycle, first class working order. 1 Overland 90 Country Club, wire wheels, newly painted, good running order. 1 Overland, 90 special touring, wire wheels newly painted, good running order. PAUL'S GARAGE. 37

CHOICE FARM FOR SALE—100 acres in Hamburg on County road, 7 miles south of Napanee. All deep soil, tile drained, good buildings, good water, shady lawn, woven wire fences, close to church and school, rural mail and telephone. Sacrifice owing to ill health. D. A. ANDERSON, Bath, Ont., R. R. No. 2.

MIDDLE SCHOOL RESULTS AT BATH.

E. C. Daverne—Comp. III, Lit. II, B. Hist., Geog., Geo. C., Physics II, Chem. I, Fr. Au. I, Fr. Comp. III.

A. McNeil—Comp. C., Lit. C., Alg. C., Geom. C., Phy. C., Chem. C., Lat. Comp. III.

A. C. Miller—Comp. C., Alg. C., Phy. C., Chem. C.

E. B. Miller—Comp. C., Alg. I, Geom. II, Phy. III, Chem. III, Fr. Comp. C.

W. J. Miller—Comp. C., Alg. I, Phy. C., Chem. C., Fr. Au. C.

H. M. Northmore—Lit. C., A. Hist. C., Phy. III, Lat. Au. C., Fr. Au. III, Fr. Comp. C.

E. M. Osborne—Comp. III, Lit. II, Br. Hist. III, Alg. I, Geom. I, Phy. I, Chem. II, Fr. Au. II, Fr. Comp. C.

K. M. Wemp—Comp. C., Alg. C., Chem. C.

E. F. P. Young—Fr. Au. C.

M. H. Young—Comp. III, Lit. C., Br. Hist. III, Alg. C., Geom. C., Phy. C., Chem. II, Fr. Au. II, Fr. Comp. C.

A. E. PAUL

Clerk 1st Division Court

INSURANCE.

Office: OVER HENRY'S BOOKSTORE.

TRACTOR NOTICE.

Tractors with unprotected flanges or spikes must not be driven upon the paved or oiled highways of the Corporation. Penalty will be followed by the penalties provided by Statute.

By Order.

W. A. GRANGE,
Town Clerk, Napanee.
August 11th, 1923. 37-a

NOTICE OF REGISTRATION OF BY-LAW

Notice is hereby given that a By-Law was passed by the Council of the County of Lennox and Addington, on the 16th day of August, 1923, providing for the issue of Debentures to the amount of $28,000.00 for the purpose of paying the County's proportion of expenditure on construction of the Provincial Highway in the County during the years 1921 and 1922, pursuant to the provisions of the Provincial Highway Act and that such By-law was registered in the Registry Office of the County of Lennox and Addington, on the 11th day of August, 1923.

Any motion to quash or set aside the same or any part thereof, must be made within three months after the first publication of this notice and cannot be made thereafter.

Dated the 11th day of August, 1923.

W. G. WILSON,
County Clerk.

37-d

JUDICIAL SALE

Pursuant to the judgment and Order of the Supreme Court of Ontario and bearing date respectively the 16th day of March, 1922, and 14th day of June, 1923, made in the matter of the estate of Philip Jonas Switzer, there will be sold by public auction, with the approbation of the Local Master, at Napanee, at the Council Chamber, in the Town Hall, Napanee, on Saturday, the 1st day of September next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, the following valuable farm property:

Lot No. 4 and the west half of Lot No. 5, in the 7th concession of the Township of Ernesttown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, containing 300 acres, more or less. Also that part of Gore "G" in the rear of the above described lands supposed to contain 15 acres, more or less, excepting out of said Lot No. 4, one acre of land heretofore conveyed to the Trustees of School Section No. 20.

The said lands will be sold en bloc or in two parcels at the option of the said Master as follows:

PARCEL NO. 1—All that part of the said above described premises lying north of the travelled road, known as the Palace road, running across said lot, containing 165 acres, more or less.

PARCEL NO. 2—All that part of the above described premises lying south of the said travelled road, containing 150 acres, more or less.

Upon Parcel No. 4 are erected a two-storey brick dwelling house, about 24 x 40, with frame kitchen and woodshed attached, a large frame barn, sheds, and a drive house.

There are no buildings on Parcel No. 2.

The premises are well watered, and the fences are in a fair state of repair.

The premises will be sold subject to a reserve bid fixed by the said Master.

TERMS OF SALE—A deposit of 10 per cent. at the time of sale, and the balance in one month thereafter without interest.

In all other respects the terms and conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the said Court.

For further particulars apply on the premises, and at the law offices of J. E. Madden and U. M. Wilson, Napanee.

J. E. MADDEN, S. S. LAZIER,
Plaintiffs' Solicitor. Master.

Dated 13th July, 1923. 36-d

FIRE RAGING NEAR ODESSA

VALUABLE CROPS OF SEVERAL FARMERS PREY TO FLAMES

One of the worst bush fires of the season is raging about a mile and a half northwest of the village of Odessa, and the people of the district have been called upon to turn out and help fight the fire. The fire started on property belonging to Elton Freeburn, who is at present confined to the Kingston hospital, through illness.

Some few weeks ago a fire broke out on this property and it was believed to be under control, but on Monday afternoon the fire broke out again and made its way over the property of Chas. Wallace, Wm. Gordon, and Stanley Sproule. The fire covered a lot of rough land, but it is stated that some valuable crops fell a prey to the flames.

During Tuesday forenoon, it was stated that there was very great danger of the fire spreading to the property of Jas. Snider.

McGinnis and O'Connor, the well known Kingston road contractors, loaned one of their water tanks to Reeve Eugene Smith, of the Township of Ernesttown, for the use of the fire-fighters and it was accepted with thanks, and put to good service.

COLEBROOK

Many from here attended the baseball game at Yarker, between Napanee and Yarker on Tuesday last.

Harry Woodruff is putting a new roof on his house.

Mrs. John Boyce, who had an operation at Kingston General Hospital, last week, is getting along nicely.

W. O. Shangraw is having his barn rebuilt by Cyrus Edgar, of Yarker.

Mrs. J. C. Sutton, Kingston, spent Sunday at her residence here, and had for her guests her sons and daughters and families.

Mrs. G. A. Shangraw and daughter, Helen, Sydenham, are spending a few days here visiting friends.

MOSCOW NORTH.

The rain we had on Tuesday night was very much welcomed.

Mrs. Beacock and family, of Toronto, spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Wellesley Coulter.

Mr. Wellington Lockwood, of Enterprise, called on some friends here recently.

Mrs. Norman Jackson received word on Tuesday that their mill and all lumber at Harlowe were destroyed by fire—Monday night. Mr. Jackson being on his way back to the mill on Tuesday.

Some attended the picnic at "Cedar Crest Park," Varty Lake, on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmore Jackson spent Sunday at her father's, Mr. Sanford Degroff.

Miss Hah Bird is spending some time with friends at Enterprise.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Jackson, Mrs. Elias Jackson and Mr. and Mrs. Wellesley Coulter spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. George Kelly, Enterprise.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Hartman and family, of Odessa, and Mrs. Lawson, of Toronto, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Norman Jackson recently.

Mrs. Wellesley Coulter spent one day last week with Mrs. Sanford Degroff.

Mrs. G. Huffman spent a day recently with her mother, Mrs. Ed. Malah.

Master Arthur Kirk, of Toronto, is spending some time with his friend, Garnett Wagar.

Mr. Wellington Coulter is spending some time at Arden.

Mrs. Hugh Riley spent Tuesday with Mrs. Henry Reid.

Mr. Marshall Bush and two sisters, spent Wednesday at Mr. Wesley Keech's.

Mrs. Ezra Keech spent a few days with Mrs. Wesley Keech and left on Thursday for Watertown, N. Y.

Mrs. Wellesley Coulter spent Thursday with Mrs. Alex Carl.

Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Wagar called on Mr. and Mrs. Wellesley Coulter Thursday night.

Miss Ella Evans is spending some time with friends at Centreville.

Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Wagar spent Thursday at Napanee.

Mr. Cecil Byrd intends spending some time in the West.

Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Wagar and son, Garnett and Mr. and Mrs. Wellesley Coulter spent Saturday with friends at Marlbank.

Mrs. S. D. Lockwood, of Enterprise, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Degroff.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Jackson, Mrs. Elias Jackson and Mr. and Mrs. Wellesley Coulter spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. James Marlin, Tamworth.

FALL FAIRS

Dates of the Fall Fairs in the Province are announced by the Department of Agriculture as follows:

Arden	Oct. 2nd
Bancroft	Sept. 26th to 27th
Belleville	Sept. 25th to 27th
Brighton	Sept. 13th to 14th
Centreville	Sept. 14th to 15th
Demorestville	Sept. 29th
Inverary	Oct. 3rd
Kingston	Sept. 18th to 22nd
Napanee	**Sept. 11th to 13th**
Odessa	Sept. 27th to 28th
Ottawa (Central Canada)	Sept. 7th to 17th
Parham	Sept. 11th to 12th
Picton	Sept. 18th to 21st
Shannonville	Sept. 15th
Stella	Sept. 25th
Toronto (Can. National)	Aug. 25th to Sept. 8th

A large assortment of Strap Slippers, Mocassins and Boots with cushion insoles and elk soles for the little ones at WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

TAMWORTH

Rev. Mr. Clark and family have gone to their summer cottage near Minden.

Fire broke out in a grain field at Hayseer Corners recently and considerable damage was done before the arrival of neighbors to extinguish the blaze. Sparks from passing trains are believed to have caused the fire.

Miss Files, one of our former school teachers, now of Sudbury, motored with her parents to Toronto on Saturday.

Frank Trumppour and family, Port Hope, visited his brother here last week.

Mr. Fletcher was in Kingston recently on a business trip.

School fishing is reported from Beaver Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher Diamond are visiting friends in town.

Recently the members of "The Knights of Honor" Class of the Tamworth Union Sunday school presented Mr. and Mrs. Murney Marlin with a dozen silver teaspoons, and an address, to which Mr. Martin replied in a few appropriate words.

Ironing Boards — Canadian Maid, regular price $5.00, special price for Bulldog Days, $2.95. DAVY AND ALLISON.

SELBY

There was no service here on Sunday night owing to the fact that Rev. Mr. Andrew was away.

Mrs. R. Ballance and daughters are spending a few days with friends at Picton.

Mr. Low and Mrs. Dean were married on Wednesday, Aug. 8th, by Rev. Mr. Anderson.

Mrs. Dr. Dressel and Mrs. Raymond, Toronto, attended the funeral of their father, and stayed a few days visiting their mother, Mrs. Allison.

B. Martin and children spent a few days recently visiting friends at Deseronto.

Rev. Anderson and family are camping at Varty Lake.

Miss Bernice Rikley has returned home from Gale Lake where she was visiting friends.

Some of the farmers are getting their threshing done.

Miss Marguerite Allison spent a few days visiting friends at Napanee.

Mr. McCauly, sister and nephew and Mr. Andrew, Fitzpatrick, spent a few days recently with Mr. and Mrs. Chambers.

Visitors include the following: Mr. and Mrs. Newton Ball, at Mrs. Ballance's; Mr. and Mrs. Kerr, at J. E. Hudgin's; Mr. and Mrs. Harlin, and daughter, at W. Doidge's; Mrs. Garrett, at A. Tummon's; Mrs. W. McKeown and Mrs. McKeown and daughter, at C. Acheson's; Mr. and Mrs. E. Price and baby, at A. Wood's; Mr. and Mrs. W. Denison, at D. Fitzpatrick's.

If you need Bathing Shoes, Running Shoes or Strap Slippers, see the kind in Flexo Foot Brand at WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

NAPANEE BEATS YARKER

Napanee baseball team defeated Yarker in the play off between the Northern and Southern groups for the championship of the Lennox and Addington League on Friday afternoon by the score of 18-2.

The first game, which was played at Yarker, the Napanee boys came home on the long end of a 12-3 score.

At times the game was a pretty good exhibition of ball, and then dragged off into a listless exhibition. The Napanee team were all over their opponents, both in batting, and in fielding, and it appeared to the spectators that they could just about score when they wished.

The visitors had big visions of beating Napanee right in their own back yard, and regardless of the outcome of the chance they were taking Proffit in with them three outside players in a vain effort to defeat the home team. Cairns, of Enterprise, who earlier in the season pitched a no-hit, no-run game in Peterboro; Kellar, the pride of the Enterprise supporters; and Dickie Holland, also of Enterprise, and a crack third baseman.

Kellar, a southpaw, opened up the proceedings and got along fairly well for two innings, when Napanee leaned on his offerings and before he was yanked, ten runs had been scored off his shoots. Cairns then took up the mound duties and he held Napanee in check for two innings, after which the locals scored eight runs.

For the home team every man played a good game, and only two errors were checked up against them. "Mag" Loucks pitched his usual effective game and had the visitors baffled by his pitching. Twin Johnston, Pangs, Stewart and Dugg, Fraser made some beautiful catches and certainly did their bit in helping their pitcher out of a hole. Ross Loucks, besides catching a beautiful game, was the big noise with the willow, and he came across with a three base wallop just when it was most needed. He also had a double and single. Doug. Fraser had a three base clout, which always came at a most opportune time. The crowd, which was certainly a large one, had a lot of fun with Tom Warner, the Yarker catcher. Tom was called everything from "Coco Cola King" to the "Varsity Bear Cat," but he took it good naturedly, and warmly congratulated Manager Adams after the game.

Jack Proffit, who has been visiting in New York, arrived home in time to get into the game and played the difficult corner to perfection. He made a couple of nice throws from his position to catch the batters at first by a step, but did not do much with the stick, but expects to be right on for the next round.

This is the first year in many moons in which a Napanee team has succeeded in getting out of its group, and they may go a long way in the O.B.A.A. elimination. They play snappy ball, and are pretty fair with the willow. Mag Loucks is pitching beautiful ball and he has added confidence in his team mates.

Napanee has been grouped in the first round of the semi finals with Sydenham and the first game takes place in Sydenham on Friday afternoon of this week, and the return game here on the following Wednesday, Aug. 22nd.

Not much is known of the Sydenham team. They won their group and defeated Arden in the play off for the championship of their league in a rather handy manner. Young and Fox are the battery and he has been averaging eight and nine strike outs in every game in which he has taken part. The fans will be assured of a good game, and a big crowd is expected to see these two teams in action.

Be sure and make it a point to attend the Wednesday game.

CAMDEN EAST.

The past week has been very dry and dusty.

Miss MacIntosh, of Kingston, spent the past two weeks with her aunt, Mrs. S. Brien and family.

Mr. Walter Switzer and family and his mother joined the other members of the family and had a jolly picnic at Switzer's Landing. A happy time was spent together.

Miss Frances Hill, of Watertown, spent the past two weeks with her sister, Mrs. Jessie Card and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Blakely and children have returned home, Mrs. Blakely and three girls having spent a month at Sharbot Lake and Hawkwick with her sister, Mrs. Hart, and other relatives.

Miss Helen Hinch has arrived home from Toronto to spend two weeks with her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Burman motored to Maple Ave. on a visit to his cousin and other friends.

Rev. Roy McWilliams, returned missionary from Japan, assisted Rev. Mr. Nickle with Communion Service in the Methodist church, which was much appreciated by many former friends after his long absence of seven years in Japan in missionary work. He is the son of Mr. Joel Williams, of Bethel Mills Line, and has a year's vacation to visit his parents, brother and sister, Mrs. Allen and family and other relatives.

Mrs. S. Brien's sister spent the past week visiting her and Mr. Brien.

Mrs. John Skinner and grandson Gerald have gone to Brownville, N. Y., to spend two weeks with her son George and daughter, Mrs. Chas. Davidson, and other relatives.

Going Shooting?

Leading varieties of loaded shells, and rifle cartridges at lower prices. WILSON'S HARE.

MIDDLE SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS

The results of the Middle School Examinations at Napanee Collegiate Institute are as follows: First Class Honors is marked 1, Second Class 2, Third Class 3, and Pass is marked †. Failures are marked §. Where a subject is blank it was not taken. Upper School results have not yet been received.

	Eng. Comp.	Eng. Lit.	Anc. Hist.	Brit. Hist.	Alg.	Geom.	Phys.	Chem.	Lat. Aut.	Lat. Comp.	Fr. Aut.	Fr. Comp.
Amey, Genevieve	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Armitage, Eliz.	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Barrett, Kathleen	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Birchall, Lillian	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Carmichael, Eliz.	1	1	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	1	..	..
Carnahan, Edna	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Cowie, Clifford	3	3	3	..	3	3	..	3	3	3	..	..
Craven, Gerald	3	3	3	..	3	3	..	3	3	3	..	..
Daly, Geo. H.	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Daly, Mary	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Daly, Wm. H.	3	3	3	..	3	3	..	3	3	3	..	..
Davy, Helen	2	2	2	..	2	2	..	2	2	2	..	..
Denison, Mary	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Derry, Mary	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Hudgins, Mrs. E.	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Empey, Geo.	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Empey, Reginald	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Exley, Edna	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Exley, Georgina	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Exley, Vivian	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Garrett, Carl	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Hagerman, Agnes	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Garrison, Helen	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Hill, Albert J.	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Hudgins, Beulah	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Hudgins, Ross	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Jackson, Chas	3	3	3	..	3	3	..	3	3	3	..	..
Johnston, Edith	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Joyce, Ethel	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Judson, John	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Killorin, Ambrose	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
MacCormack, Donald	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
McCullough, Clare	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
McMullen, Oneta	2	2	2	..	2	2	..	2	2	2	..	..
Merrill, Dorothy M.	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Miller, Lottie	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
O'Ray, Catherine	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Perry, Beatrice	2	2	2	..	2	2	..	2	2	2	..	..
Perry, Mildred	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Perry, Wallace B.	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Perry, Winnifred	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Phippen, Scobell	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Pringle, Norma H.	2	2	2	..	2	2	..	2	2	2	..	..
Pringle, Eileen	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Reid, May	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Richmond, Grace	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Richmond, Pearl	3	3	3	..	3	3	..	3	3	3	..	..
Roblin, Geneva C.	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Roblin, Kathleen	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Russell, Helen	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Scott, Donald A.	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Smith, Edith L.	1	1	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	1	..	..
Smith, Gerald F.	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Smith, Everett	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Terrill, Catherine M.	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Walsh, Anthony	1	2	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	1	..	..
Walters, Edna	1	1	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	1	..	..
Warner, Irene	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Winter, Grace M.	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Withers, Gladys I.	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Wright, Ruth K.	1	1	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	1	..	..
Vanalstine, Marshall	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Thompson, G. Bev.	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Cook, Ernest F.	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..
Snider, Laurena M.	..	..	†	..	..	..	..	..	3	†	..	..

Results in German and Greek are as follows:

	Germ. Auth.	Germ. Comp.	Grk. Auth.	Grk. Comp.
Carnahan, Edna	3	†	..	..
Daly, Mary C.	3	†	..	..
Davy, Helen C.	2	2	..	..
Perry, Mildred	3	†	..	..
Reid, May	..	..	..	..
Stewart, John	..	..	..	..

The DURANT Car

The Star Car

IS PROVING A WINNER

We sell them as fast as we get them.

Satisfied drivers are proving their worth every day.

SEE THEM AT OUR GARAGE.

We have on hand a few Second-Hand Cars, all in good condition, consisting of Fords, Chevrolets, and Overlands which we will sell at very low prices.

OUR BICYCLE STOCK IS THE BEST WE EVER HAD

Overlands, Crescents, and Massey-Harris, and a large number of Second-Hand Bicycles at very low prices.

NORMILE'S GARAGE

Durant Sales and Service, East Street.

Open Day and Night. Give us a call.

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible **VALUES** for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel you can absolutely depend upon the **QUALITY** of your purchases here.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERIT YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee, Ont.

J. B. WILLOUGHBY, M.D., C.M.
Corner Dundas and Robinson Streets.
Office Hours :—2 p.m. to 5 p.m., 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.
Phone 307. 32-1y

Dr. S. R. McCreary, B.Sc.
Physician and Surgeon,
X-Rays a Specialty
170A Front St. Belleville
Opposite City Hall
Phone 1200

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.
Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.
GIVE US A TRIAL

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
PHONE 61

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician Surgeon, Etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas St., between West and Robert Sts., Napanee.

T. M. GALBRAITH
B.A., M.D., C.M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. 1 p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—279.

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT, 44tf

BUY YOUR BUTTER WRAPPERS AT THIS OFFICE

FEAR.

This Sensation Comes in Mankin In Three Stages.

"To every one whose life is in the among the average and to exp rience the average trials of life, there are three great stages of fear," says a writer in Scribner's Magazine.

"First is the fear of childhood; o the bogey man, of darkness, of material objects. It is the time when another is the only solace. It is the time when the shaggy dog and the queer-looking man send terror through our hearts. It is all imagination, but it is fear. And second is the fear of youth. To many this fear is varied, but to the average it is the same. The third fear of life is the fear of age. It is the fear of the business man for his business. It is the fear of a man for a more weighty concern.

"It is a more mature fear, a fear of more worldly worth, but it is not one degree more sincere, nor one degree more worthy than the fear of childhood or of youth. And now let me tell you of the fear of youth, and the fear under which I and all others of my age live. The fear of youth is past the fear of childhood with its material and spiritual haunts; it has not yet reached the fear of age.

"The fear of nineteen is the fear that acquaintances will consider him —nineteen; the fear trat acquaintances will consider him the nineteen of Tarkington's and the others' pens. It is the fear of being considered a child or a 'kid.' Nineteen wishes to be considered a man with a youth's body. He dislikes to be babied; he wishes to be thought handsome; he wishes to be considered refined, cultured, and, most of all, sophisticated. He wants to be thought blase and well-informed of the shadowy part of the world. He wishes to be known as leading a double life, to be considered a Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde.

"That is the fear of youth. It is the fear that rests upon and overlaps the fears of younger and older life. It is more heart-rending than either of the others, and means as much to the individual's happiness as both of them together."

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Thomas Close, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Chapter 121 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 56, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims against the estate of Thomas Close, late of the Township of Tyendinaga, in the County of Hastings, deceased, are required to deliver or send to the undersigned on or before the twenty-third day of August, A.D., 1923, full particulars of their claims, duly verified.

And further take notice, that after the said twenty-third day of August, A.D., 1923, the Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate, and shall not be liable to any person of whose claims he shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for the said Estate.
Dated this 18th day of June, 1923. 29-d

Window screens, screen doors, garden hose, sprinklers. DAVY & ALLISON.

FARMERS — ATTENTION

Just arrived another shipment of **Fine Oat Feed** at $1.15 per 100. Only 50 bags of **Beet Meal** left, the last we will be able to get this season.

Some **Bran and Shorts.**

Plenty of **Sugar** but price is still high and may go higher.

S. CASEY DENISON'S
CENTRE STREET, NORTH.
'Phone 101.

Bring your can for best Separator Oil—25c. a quart at WALLACE'S.

BATH MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Bath, August 6, 1923.

The regular meeting of Bath Municipal Council was held in the Town Hall, at 8 p.m., all the members present.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and confirmed.

The following bills were read : H. M. Calver, cleaning out culvert, $1.00 ; E. P. Shephard, cement for Town Hall repairs, $9.95 ; S. Anglin & Co., shingles for Town Hall repairs, $2.50 ; F. Hagerman, cleaning out rubbish at Town Hall $2.00.

Moved by Coun. Tomkins, seconded by Coun. Hoselton, that these bills be paid and orders drawn on Treasurer for same. Carried.

The Finance Committee reported through Coun. Osborne, giving an estimate of receipts and expenditures for 1923.

Moved by Coun. Osborne, seconded by Coun. Hoselton, that the report of the Finance Committee be received and adopted and that a copy of the same be printed with the minutes. Carried.

The Streets and Sidewalks Committee reported through Coun. Hoselton, showing an expenditure to date of $483.74.

Moved by Coun. Hoselton, seconded by Coun. Tomkins, that the report of the Committee be adopted. Carried.

The Property Committee reported through Coun. Lloyd, showing expenditures at Town Hall repairs to date, $225.61.

Moved by Coun. Lloyd ,seconded by Coun. Tomkins, that the report as read be adopted. Carried.

Coun. Tomkins reported for the Roads and Bridges Committee, but as the estimates had been previously submitted and filed it was moved that Coun. Tomkins be given a vote of thanks for the excellent work on roads. Carried.

Council discussed the advisability of a new schedule of rents for the newly decorated Town Hall. The matter was finally left with the Property Committee with full authority to act thereon.

On motion of Coun. Osborne and Lloyd, Council adjourned.

E. P. SHEPHARD,
Clerk.

BY-LAW LEVYING TAXES ,1923.

Whereas the Municipal Council of the corporation of the Village of Bath, desires to raise the sum of five thousand, six hundred and fifteen dollars and seventy-two cents for Municipal Purposes, Rates, School Rates and all contingent expenses of the said Village, and

Whereas the total assessment of the said Village according to the last revised Assessment Roll, was the sum of one hundred and forty thousand, five hundred and seventy-three dollars, $140373.00.

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Village of Bath hereby enacts as follows :

That from and after the passing of this By-law there shall be levied upon and collected from all the rateable property of the said village, the sum of forty-nine mills on the dollar, for the several purposes mentioned in the sub-joined schedule.

And it is further hereby enacted that the rates imposed by this By-law shall be paid by the ratepayers into the Royal Bank at Bath, and the manager of the said Bank is hereby authorized to sign receipts for the same. All rates to be paid according to Statute on or before the fourteenth day of December, 1923.

R. L. SEXSMITH, Reeve.
E.P. SHEPHARD, Clerk.
Passed this 6th day of August, 1923.

SCHEDULE FOR BY-LAW LEVYING RATES, 1923.

Estimated Receipts—	
County Road Grant '23..$	824 17
Pool room licenses	80 00
Rent of Town Hall	25 00
Provincial railway tax..	35 00
Dog taxes on 33 dogs..	46 00
Snow shov. charged as taxes	15 00
Miscellaneous receipts.	10 00
	$1035 17
16½ mills on an assessment of $140393.09..	2316 48
Total	$3351 65
For Schools—	
Borrowed on notes from G. A. Wartman, due Nov. 1, 1924-25-26...	$ 575 00
23½ mills on assessment of $140393.09..	3299 24
Total	$7225 89
Estimated Expenditures—	
Salaries	$ 430 00
Printing contract	37 50
Law costs	10 00
Public Library grant	25 00
County rate, 1923	1387 50
County overdraft 1922	182 57
Roads and Bridges Con.	541 60
Streets and sidewalks Committee	150 00
Property, Fire and Light Committee	300 00
Miscellaneous accounts	187 48
	$3351 65
For Schools—	
Deb. 1-2.....$ 400 00	
New heating system '23	575 00
Req. Aug. '23 to Aug. '24..	2900 00
	$3875 00
Total	$7226 65

Menu for Gourmet.

A banquet in Siam is no light matter, as Mr. Hermann Norden, the author of "From Golden Gate to Golden Sun," found out. While in Bangkok he was present at one in which the menu was as follows: Chicken kidneys, mushrooms, shrimps, cheese, shark's ears, soup, fish, onions, macaroni, Chinese bird's-nest soup, duck, barley soup, a sweet fruit soup, made of the milk of a coconut. It was served in the order given, and no wonder that "the dinner committee had sat up until all hours combining this menu for gourmets."

Made His Mouth Water.

Friend Gillingham (viewing picture)—How realistic! It makes my mouth water.

Pain the Artist—A sunset makes your mouth water?

Friend Gillingham—Dear me! I thought it was a fried egg!

RICHMOND MINUTES

Selby, August 7th, 1923.

Council met in the Town Hall in Selby. The members were all present, the Reeve presiding.

The minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

Moved by W. J. Gollinger, seconded by E. A. McQuaig, that Sid. Busby's pay sheet for July 26, 9 and 10, amounting to $1039.72, be paid and cheques issued to various men on pay sheet. Carried.

Moved by Milford Dupre, seconded by S. S. Brown, that no action be taken in regard to account of Jas. Hart and Fred Scott. Carried.

The matter of appointing a tax collector was left over until Sept. 4th. Applications will be received until that date.

Moved by S. S. Brown, seconded by W. J. Gollinger, that the following accounts be paid :

Thos. Doyle, rep. snow plow	$ 2 75
V. C. Booth, snow shov.	6 00
C. Hartin, moving N. Hartin to Kingston Hospital, Apr. 18, 1923	5 50
G. M. Neely, stationery..	7 75
Pat. McLaughlin, bonus on 48 rds. wire fence	12 00
R. Lloyd, aid for Aug....	5 00
N. Hartin, aid for Aug...	5 00
Mrs. Doney, aid for Aug.	5 00

Carried.

Council adjourned to meet Sept. 4th, 1923.

SUMMER CARE OF POULTRY

(Experimental Farms Note.)

There is a tendency among some people to believe that poultry do not require any special care during the summer months, and may be allowed practically to shift for themselves. While it is true that conditions are more favorable for growing stock, and for egg production in adult stock, yet at no time of the year is more care necessary to prevent disease and vermin than during the warm summer months. Poultry kept in close, stuffy sleeping quarters cannot be kept in the best condition of health, and are liable subjects for the ravages of lice and mites. It would be much better to have wire netting put in place of the glass windows in order that more fresh air might circulate in the house.

A very strict watch must be kept for any evidence of lice or mites as soon as warm weather commences. If lice are present on the birds, treat each bird individually with some Blue Mercury ointment, or some reliable dusting powder, and if mites are present on the perches or walls, the birds should be removed from the house for a day or two, and the building thoroughly fumigated, followed by a really good cleaning of every part of the interior. A thorough occasional white-washing of the whole interior of the house will make the place more sanitary. Poultry confined to yards where there is no natural shade from the hot rays of the sun, should be provided with shelter of some sort; Corn stalks or artichoke plants in the yards and protected until they get a start will provide most excellent shelter from the sun. Colony houses scattered through an orchard or cornfield make a very desirable place for the growing stock.

Filthy drinking vessels are the cause of a great many troubles in the poultry yards. Plenty of pure drinking water, which is kept in clean vessels in a sheltered place will benefit the stock to a large extent.

Be sure that the young growing stock are well fed, to promote growth, and that they are given liberal range where there is an abundance of green feed in the form of insects, worms, etc.

Cull out the old stock that you do not intend to keep over for another year, and sell them early while the price is higher and while they are in good condition before they commence to moult.

THE STORAGE OF FRUIT AND VEGETABLES.

(Experimental Farms Note.)

The storage of fruit and vegetables for home and market must receive greater attention than it has hitherto been accorded. The amount of waste annually is very great. As a first step towards eliminating this, every farmer or household with sufficient land to grow vegetables, and perhaps fruit trees, should understand more about storing the crop. Some crops keep best in an atmosphere that has a high moisture content, whereas others require a low percentage of humidity. So it will be seen that there must be a condition to suit all vegetables and fruits in the same cellar or storage building. Apples, pears, potatoes, carrots, cabbage soon deteriorate in very dry storage ; while on other hand winter squash, pumpkins, marrows and other such crops like a dry atmosphere. Moulds and rots soon destroy them.

Before you know your cellar is a very dry one and you wish to keep apples, etc., in it make provision for adding more moisture to the air by introducing wet sacks spread out or by sprinkling the floor, the idea being that a large surface must be wet and evaporation quick. The atmospheric humidity can be tested with a wet and dry bulb thermometer. Take the readings and check up on the chart which is supplied with it. A humidity ranging from 75 to 85 is satisfactory.

In case of squash and pumpkins, eac., any frost proof place, which is dry is suitable—on the top shelf of the pantry for instance, or shelves in the passage. Quality is often lowered by poor ventilation. Where crops are stored in large quantities, ventilators should be open as much as possible to carry off gases and heat coming from a large bulk of any crop. Where severe weather occurs close up the ventilators, but do not store a large volume of any crop while it is warm from the field unless you know that you can reduce the heat by proper ventilation. More attention must be paid to this when commercial storage is being done in the fall and our growers must help when asked to do so.

A "Want Adv." in The Napanee Express will bring results. Try it.

Here and There

A discovery of excellent ochre (raw sienna) was recently made near Ellershouse Station on the Dominion Atlantic Railway. The color is uniform throughout, with very little gritty matter in the main body. The material can be burnt to produce a variety of colors from reddish brown to black. Prospecting is still going on.

Canadian Pacific S.S. "Metagama" westbound from Glasgow via Belfast, recently docked at Montreal and Quebec with the record number of 382 cabin and 1,078 third class passengers. This constituted a record only for ships of the size and type of the "Metagama," the Canadian Pacific Empress liners often having a far larger list.

Canadian Pacific Railway officials estimated that 61,000 men would be required to harvest the western crops this year. They expected to supply only 9,000 from the prairie provinces and British Columbia and made arrangements to carry over 50,000 from Ontario, Quebec and the east.

United States factories turn out chewing gum to the value of $41,000,000 annually. The extent to which this product is used in this country can be appreciated when it is known that at the Canadian Pacific Windsor station, Montreal, a man is continually employed in removing gum stains from the marble floor.

Despite the fact that the new Basilica at Ste. Anne de Beaupre is still in course of construction, many thousands more have visited the shrine this year than in former years, and at frequent intervals the Canadian Pacific Railway has been called upon to add special equipment to its regular trains to accommodate the pilgrims. The Redemptorist Fathers are investigating a large number of cures claimed to be miraculous.

E. L. Richardson, manager of the Calgary Stampede of 1923, held under the patronage of the Prince of Wales and Governor-General Byng, announces that, owing to the enormous success of the event, the rodeo July 9-14 it will be staged annually instead of at intervals of several years, as heretofore. The recent stampede was attended by 137,800 persons.

Only once in the history of Canada was the gold production record set in 1922 exceeded, and that was in 1900, when the Yukon placers reached the peak of their yield. During 1922, 1,263,364 ounces of gold were mined in the Dominion. The value is now $26,110,050, an increase of 36% over the previous year's figures. In 1900, 1,350,057 ounces of gold were mined and the value was $27,908,152.

Canada's trade is climbing ahead. Total trade in the three months ending June was $462,544,438, an increase of $110,841,056 over the corresponding three months of last year. For nine months the trade was $179,720,516, an increase of $44,944,732 over last year. Domestic exports in the three months increased approximately $50,000,000 and imports approximately $61,000,000.

VANISHED AVIATORS.

Disappearance of Two Officers Recalls Other Mysteries.

The disappearance of Col. F. C. Marshall and Lieut. C. L. Weber, army aviators, after they started December 7 on a flight from San Diego to Tucson, Ariz., recalls similar disappearances of army and navy men and the searches made for them.

While army officials have long given up hope that Col. Marshall and Lieut. Weber would be found alive, the beliefs is still faintly cherished to that their bodies and the wreck of their planes may be eventually recovered.

Either of the two regions in which they may have been forced to land is a desert waste. The section east of Tucson, where a plane believed to have been theirs was last seen, is extremely rocky and mountainous. Searchers might look for months without coming upon the ravine in which the wreckage may lie hidden. The sands of the desert to the west and south of the city are so fine that a slight breeze would be sufficient to cover the wreckage under a dune in a short time.

For many days a fleet of planes scoured the region, flying as low and as far as was compatible with safety. The rumor that the charred bodies were seen lying in a large mesa near the Papago Indian reservation, near the border line, was found incorrect by troops of cavalry that aided in the search.

In March, 1921, five men from the Pensacola naval air station set out in a training flight in a free balloon. Quartermaster G. K. Wilkinson was pilot, and had with him four enlisted flying students. Neither the balloon nor its passengers were ever seen again. A squadron of seaplanes and several dirigibles, aided by a fleet of ships, scoured the waters out to sea for miles.

When trappers in the Everglades reported hearing voices in the swamps at night and the searching airships made flights for weeks over the great wilderness. Months afterward, what was believed to be the remains of a wicker balloon basket in the region of the Keys, and it was finally believed the fliers were lost in the Atlantic.

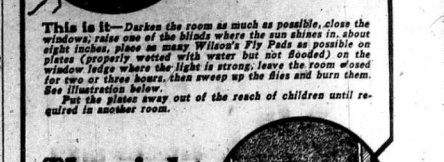
Raymond White, as a student flier, spent almost a week of peril and hunger in the Everglades. He was forced down when the gasoline gave out and crashed into the almost impenetrable cypress swamps. That was only the start of his experience. Mosquitoes were so thick and voracious he had to cover face and arms with grease from his ship; he had notches to hold a signal fire, and was forced to take to trees at night to avoid animals he heard prowling about. He finally made his way, almost on hands and grasshoppers, to a Seminole Indian camp, and was sent by them to a distant farmhouse, where, after a week, his comrades found him.

Capt. C. W. Dannman and Lieut. E. J. Verhuyden were two other fliers who lost their lives in a free balloon. They started in the national balloon race from St. Louis in 1912 and were never heard from until their bodies were washed up by the waters of Lake Huron.

There is only one way to kill all the Flies

This is it—*Darken the room as much as possible, close the windows; raise one of the blinds where the sun shines in, about eight inches, place as many Wilson's Fly Pads as possible on plates (properly wetted with water but not flooded) on the window ledge where the light is strong, leave the room closed for two or three hours, then sweep up the flies and burn them. See illustration below.*

Put the plates away out of the reach of children until required in another room.

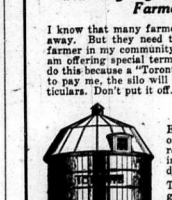


SPECIAL AUGUST TERMS ON TORONTO SILOS

Startling Big Offer Makes it Easy for Any Farmer to Own a Silo

I know that many farmers need silos, but can't buy them right away. But they need them now. To-day it is easy for every farmer in my community to own a silo and make more money, I am offering special terms for the month of August only. I can do this because a "Toronto" Silo pays for itself. Before you have to pay me, the silo will have paid you. See me to-day for particulars. Don't put it off. This offer is for August only.

TURN YOUR CORN INTO MORE BEEF AND MILK



Experiment and practice have proven over and over again that the biggest returns from a cornfield come from feeding the corn as good ensilage to beef and dairy cattle.

Thousands of farmers have proved that good ensilage is made in a "Toronto" Silo. "Toronto" Silos are made of wood —the best non-conductor of heat and cold. Selected spruce staves, double-tongued and grooved and impregnated with creosote. Silage juices do not affect wood. Ensilage does not freeze to the walls of a wooden silo. You gain 15% greater capacity through our Special Hip Roof construction.

Get my booklet on "Toronto" Silos and Ensilage Cutters. Shows how the latter ensures better ensilage and saves money.

SWITZER & SPENCER
NAPANEE, ONT.

ONTARIO WIND ENGINE & PUMP CO. LIMITED
TORONTO

Fifty Years of Commercial Banking

THE year 1923 marks the entry of the Standard Bank upon its fiftieth year of service to the Dominion.

Since its inception the policy of this Bank has been to give the maximum of banking service while constantly exercising the utmost vigilance for the safety of its patrons' interests. This policy has been adhered to through periods of prosperity and depression. As a consequence the Bank has enjoyed steady, sound and substantial growth, today having 161 branches throughout the whole Dominion. These are supplemented by affiliations with strong financial institutions in foreign countries, enabling it to render comprehensive banking service for the promotion of Canadian enterprise both at home and abroad.

The STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

Banking for Fifty Years

GET IT AT WALLACE'S

Insecticides !

Use Arsenate of Lead, food for the plant, and death for the bug. Also pure Paris Green, Sprayers, etc. WILSON'S Hardware.

Empire Cafe

Napanee's Leading Cafe — Opposite Campbell House

We are now operating in our new premises on Dundas street with a complete new equipment of furniture, dishes, etc., and are prepared to serve our many patrons with the best of service.

Our meals are prepared by experienced chefs and served in a dainty, tasty manner by waiters that know how to please.

Come and try our special Sunday dinner—price 50 cents.

Afternoon tea for ladies our specialty.

Come to a real city cafe for Sunday dinners. Our prices are moderate.

Weekly rates—$5.50.

Open 6.30 to 1.30. Sunday, 8.00 to 1.30

GEO. CHOW, - Manager.

Willard Storage Batteries

For all Cars

USED ON THE BEST MAKES

Ford Batteries, $20 and up

Graham's = Garage

Willard Service Station

DUNDAS ST., E. - 'PHONE 218.

The Ex-Service Mind.

"Words are the cheapest thing in Europe to-day; even fine words, the finest as pronounced in succession by various great political leaders," says Mr. Stephen Graham in the Contemporary Review.

"It is only dramatic acts or events that have power to stir the imagination of those who have been through the great war. War's reality, as it remains in the memory of the ex-service man and as he feels it in his body and mind and estate, still outweighs anything that has been put into the opposite scale of peace. The soldiers' world-war experience lies heavy on one side; the politicians are high up in the air on the other. The soldier looks across and wonders how it is that the politician can find nothing substantial to put in his end of the balance so as to make a balance between what has been paid and what has been obtained.

"Destiny dealt unequally with men in the war, more unequally than in life, and the after-thoughts have been unpleasant. The secret thought of the masses of the ex-soldiers of England is strongly critical of nearly all the world's affairs; the peace, the makers of peace, the European situation, the economic situation. They have found little expression as yet. The 1918 general elections was fought while they were absent in Europe, and everything has since been done to diminish their influence upon public life. There has been no political attempt as in America to get the soldier's vote. Meanwhile, the ferment of the ex-soldiers' minds increases, and so does the tension upon the surface of British political life.

"There is bound to be a burst upwards from below—from the soldier masses and their wives, from the orphans, too, and from all those who registered war's terrible realities intimately in their bodies, in their lives."

Luminous Plants.

There are a number of plants and flowers which give out a phosphorescent light in the dark. Linnaeus first noticed this paramount in the common nasturtium, whose flowers seemed to him to have a faint iridescence at night. Later observation by others showed that the light was stronger after very sunny days. Among other plants which possess this singular property are the marantily and the Brasilenia. The luminescence is named secretes a volatile oil which oozes out in hot weather, and forces a vapor to which becomes luminous in the darkness. In the coal mines near Dresden grows a species of fungus which exhibits the appearance of luminous tresses of shining colors.

The Great Western Stampede

Bucking steers and unbroken horses featured the Stampede. Top right, Mayor Webster interrogates a brave.

CLATTERING horses of the cow-boys, nodding head-dresses of the Indians with their stolid squaws and families, cow outfits, real old-time chuck wagons and other figures of the last great west, led the modern motor about the streets of Calgary, during the great stampede. Cow-boys and cow-girls, decked in all the bright colors which their predecessors wore in the early eighties—these were the prominent notes in the great symphony of color.

Calgary took on the appearance of frontier days with hitching posts along the main streets and the old cow-town ponies stood in front of the sky-scrapers of the modern city.

In the great parade in which several thousand participated, Mayor George Webster struck the keynote in his wonderful leather chaps, blue silk shirt, pink handkerchief and huge Stetson hat. The stimulating contrast of the new and the old was evident in the roar of the big airplanes overhead while the pioneers' and old-timers section of the parade, venerable Red-river carts, original Hudson's Bay vehicles, squeaked their way over the pavement that covers the virgin sod they travelled many years ago. They were driven by the men of 1860, 1870 and 1880 and drawn, in many instances, by venerable nags that looked as if they, too, had survived the days of the rutted prairie trails to walk through a city that was but a dream when their work began.

There was the real old-time prairie schooner, complete with trailer. The stove in the ancient wagon was going full blast and all the housekeeping requirements were there. On the trailer were a load of ducks and geese, some spare firewood and tied behind, walked a white goat and a cow. The Sarcee, Blackfeet and Stoney Indians, resplendent in all their feathers and war-paint, beaded garments and ermine tails, were everywhere in evidence. Clerks in gaudy-colored shirts, telephone operators as cowgirls, cow-boy sports, cow-boy yells, bucking horses, made a week, famous in the annals of sport in the world.

Back about 1905, Alberta cow-boys visiting Calgary, gave up the practice of hitching their ponies on Eighth avenue but during stampede week, the chuck wagons were parked in front of modern retail buildings, horses were tied in front of dignified banks—in the cow-boy literally "pitched camp on the main drag." To add to the great wild west picture was to see "Tony," a black pony ridden by a typical westerner, make his way through a cafe or to see Mrs. Duck Thief making her way up Eighth avenue, just previous to winning the first prize for travois turnout. The tepee poles crossed over her horse, dragging behind and the family followed, quite comfortable except for the rear trace chains.

The buffalo barbecue was a new interest to the present generation, even if old-timers were quite at home in enjoying their buffalo delicacies. Five buffalo were obtained from the Walnwright herd and the committee served over twelve thousand sandwiches.

Of all the striking pictures of the old, wild west, that have ever been presented to the world, the great Calgary stampede will live forever in the minds of those whose imagination grasps in significance of the passing of the last great west. And it is thus passing in pictures that are a dazzling succession of brilliant colors.

The new Banff-Windermere motor highway, forming as it does a link in a 6,000 mile chain of good roads, was used by hundreds of visitors who motored from the western States and from British Columbia, and who afterwards took the Canadian Pacific Rockies. From every viewpoint the great Stampede was an unprecedented success.

The Eskimo of Baffin's Land

Mr. Julian W. Bibby, who has spent twelve years among the Eskimo of Baffin's Land, dissipates more than one popular illusion about the Arctic in his recent book, "Among Unknown Eskimo."

For instance, it is a common error of writers upon the Eskimo folk to assert that they oil themselves to keep out the cold, that they drink oil as a food, and revel in grease generally. Nothing of this is correct, says Mr. Bibby. The dirtier and the greasier a man is, the colder he is; so every effort is made—not after cleanliness exactly as that is an impracticable standard—to keep grease from the clothes and the person.

Like Mr. Stefansson, Mr. Bibby also robs us of any picture we may have formed of the Arctic as a white wilderness. There are birds, beasts, flowers, and insects in comparative plenty, and there are plagues of mosquitoes much worse than any known in this climate.

These insects abound in the summertime, and are a terrible pest. It is a puzzle how they survive the winter. Even everything is frozen solid, and the very spots which thaw under the sudden warmth of an Arctic spring and allow them to swarm out into the malignant millions are frozen round as the rocks themselves for the greater part of the year. Mr. Bibby says that so formidable are these insects that man himself has sometimes fallen a victim to their onslaught. Even a bear has been known to die as the result of an attack by mosquitoes.

The birds of those regions are apparently all white except the raven, whose black and shinier form brings an element of comedy into the Eskimo landscape. The raven is the only Arctic bird which does not change its plumage to match the surroundings. He is always aggressively, blatantly black. Possibly, being so able a match for any ordinary foe, this bird has no need to adopt the "protective resemblance" of white.

Mr. Bibby says he has watched a raven alight to secure some tit-bit of offal, and keep even the wolfish Eskimo dog at a respectful distance, with the huge beak. The bird is cunning to a degree. It will follow a trapper, note the position of his traps, and return to visit and despoil them of their bait as soon as the "set" is clear. Then it takes up its station on some convenient rock just out of gunshot range, and watches the trapper on his return. Just for all the world as if it relished his comments! "No one loves the raven," adds Mr. Bibby, "but no one finds it easy to catch him."

Though great hunters, the Eskimo are not warriors in anything like the same degree. They are known to have gone to war only once in history.

"This was many centuries ago," says Mr. Bibby. "The handful of Norsemen from Iceland who originally colonized some spots along the coast of southern Greenland, lived peacefully enough with the natives they discovered there. At last, however, a quarrel broke out, blood was spilt, and the Eskimo, plucking up a courage and spirit never since repeated, fought and killed off the foreigners."

Even in private life the Eskimo do not fight or quarrel, and their gossip is free from spite. Mr. Bibby writes:

"The Eskimo are a genial, jovial, placeable people, among whom quarrelling is a crime, and he or she who disturbs the general peace is a villian of the deepest dye. So whatever else comes of all the gossip, it is not—in an Eskimo village—malevolence, backbiting, and spite. They talk—these fur-clad, hard-working women—of their last year's journeyings, who and what they saw and heard, of their trials and vexations, of their children and relations and husbands—each one's contribution to the conversation punctuated by a chorus of 'Ah, ah's,' 'Elarle, Elarle!' (Indeed! Yes!) from the rest."

At the same time Mr. Bibby makes it clear that this peace-loving people are intrepid and without any signs of effeminacy.

They are (within limits) a kindly people in their domestic relations. Old women, widows, and orphan girls never want for protection and sustenance so long as the rest can shelter and support them. Mr. Bibby continues: "The Eskimo are a very improvident people, never taking thought for the hungry to-morrow when they can feast to-day, but so long as the good things last, so long as they are to be had, the old and helpless of the years are never neglected. If a time should come when there arises a question of superfluous mouths to fill, the old people go into a sort of voluntary retreat in their own houses, and willingly die the death of starvation."

Fish Study in Canada.

Canada has adopted the British method of studying sea fish. By this system the fish are caught, tagged, and set free again in their native waters. From time to time fishers marked fish are landed and the story of their wanderings is disclosed.

The research vessel is fitted with tanks through which sea water flows. The liveliest specimens are measured and tagged with ebonite disks, passed through the back fin or through the loose skin of the gill cover. The British Government offers a reward for each tagged specimen taken.

Mountain Passes Easy for Tractor.

Automobile tractors, similar to the type used with such success in four across the Sahara desert, recently were operated in the Pyrenees in France, to an altitude of 7,000 feet. The little machines surmounted a mountain pass in deep snow.

Suicides.

The maximum of suicides occurs in June, and the minimum in December. Germany holds the record for this sort of thing, while the Slavs are the least predisposed to kill themselves. Following Germany in number of suicides come France and England.

Paper From Eucalyptus.

Experiments in West Australia indicate that paper of good quality can be made from the common eucalyptus. Government and private interests have raised capital for plant and machinery.

A TERRIBLE HURRICANE.

Worst Gale in the History of Guam Is Described.

The worst hurricane in the history of Guam visited the island in 1900 when Admiral Schroeder was Governor—and Guam is used to hurricanes. In a "Half Century of Naval Service," the admiral gives a graphic account of the visitation, which began at about four o'clock in the morning.

"The storm shutters in Government House," he writes, "had to be closed, barred, and braced from the inside. One shutter after another was crushed in, and eventually the inside was wrecked. Not long afterwards a fierce ripping announced that the galvanized iron roof had begun to go, and soon the whole of it had been deposited in sections on the slopes and summit of the high ridge at the back.

"At noon the wind shifted, showing that the storm had passed to the southward. I made my way out to see if anything could be done to help the townspeople. The fury of the wind made it impossible to stand or even to crawl in exposed places; the only recourse was to lie flat and roll or wiggle to the shelter of some wall or low ruin. I reached a piece of wall, and stood behind it to catch my breath, but was soon driven away by fragments of it that were blown down on me; although brought to my knees I escaped injury beyond a few bruises and a wrenched shoulder.

"By that time virtually everything—tiles, timbers, roofing, and cocoanuts—that could be blown about had already been blown away, and there was less danger from that source. But the sea was slowly rising, sucked up because of the diminished atmospheric pressure; its majestic swelling was awe-inspiring, as without a wave it engulfed all the low parts of the town, and finally reached the plaza in front of the palace. There it stopped.

"To that phenomenon, terrifying as it was to behold, one of the two station ships in the harbor—the Yosemite—owed her escape from instant destruction. She had first been driven by the north wind against the coral-lined shore on the south side of the bay; and when the wind shifted to the east she was driven from there and driven out to sea, the rising of which enabled her to pass over the Calalan Bank, on which ordinarily there is not enough water for a vessel. If she had struck that bank she would inevitably have gone to pieces, and every man on board would have drowned.

"Her companion ship, the Justin, which was sent in search of her, found her the next day, a hopeless wreck. Heroic work had kept her afloat. But she was slowly settling. Her officers and crew were transferred to the Justin, and took with them all the money, papers, and other public property that they could carry. Then the Yosemite went down with her ensigns flying; and the people on the Justin stood with bared heads while three volleys of musketry gave to her the burial rites of a human being."

Dr. Johnson as Executor.

Boswell mentions the fact that, after Mr. Thrale's death, Dr. Johnson took his duties as an executor most seriously, and would talk in a pompous manner of his new office, and especially of the concerns of the brewery, which was eventually sold. Lord Lucan set the story going that when the sale was going forward Johnson busied about like an excited man and when asked what would be the value of the property, replied solemnly, "We are not here to sell a parcel of boilers and vats, but the potentiality of growing rich beyond the dreams of avarice." All this was recalled by the recent appearance at Sotheby's of the original Thrale Trust deed, March 10, 1783, executed when the troublesome business was over. It was signed by Mrs. Thrale, the doctor, John Cator, Jeremiah Crutchley, and Henry Smith, as trustees and executors, Bateman Robson and Christopher Norris, the solicitors, also signing. Mr. B. Maggs gave £185 for the interesting relic. In common with the other executors, Dr. Johnson's legacy from Mr. Thrale was only £200. As the doctor, however, was 72 when Mr. Thrale died, his age was doubtless taken into consideration.

USED PINE BARK AS FOOD

Found Sustenance in Covering Which They Removed From Trees.

A common query of tourists on their first trip into the forests of the southwestern states is, "Who peeled all those big pine trees, and for what reason?" The pines commonly found around the edges of open parks and mountain valleys have had half to three-fourths of their bark removed (up to seven or eight feet from the ground. This is the explanation given in American Forestry by Walter J. Perry:

On the Carson National forest in northern New Mexico there was, within the memory of living men, quite a large Indian population, consisting of the Navajos and occasional roving bands of Utes, Apaches and Comanches. These were gradually dispossessed and pushed back by the Mexican settlers coming in from the south up the valley of the Rio Grande, so that the last remnants of the original inhabitants disappeared to the east and west about forty-five or fifty years ago. Formerly these people, or some of them, cultivated patches along the river valleys in the mountain streams. In the summer they spread out into all the little mountain valleys, and signs of these camps are very plentiful. One of these signs is the peeled trees.

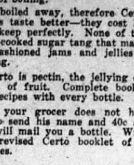
From the best information obtainable from old settlers, Indians and others, the Indian women and children removed the dry outer bark of the trees by means of stone hatchets, after which the inner bark was peeled off and usually stripped off. This was dried and roughly ground by means of the metate and used as a substitute for flour. The rest of the scanty supply of corn raised in the valleys, which, to judge by cornecobs found in the once inhabited caves, was of very poor size. The peeling of the bark was done in the early summer when the sap was flowing and the bark was easily removed. At this season the cambium is tender and palatable, being of sweetish taste and slightly aromatic, and is probably nutritious.

There are some thirty or forty peeled trees around one old summer campground. One of these trees was a thrifty 22-inch pine, about one hundred and fifty years old when it was peeled three-fourths way round in 1852—seventy years ago.

Full, fresh fruity taste

Now you can make perfect-keeping, delicious jams and jellies with only one minute of boiling.

No fruit juice is boiled away, therefore Certo-made jams and jellies taste better—they cost less and keep perfectly. None of that long-cooked sugar tang that makes old-fashioned jams and jellies so strong.



Certo is pectin, the jellying element of fruit. Complete booklet of Recipes with every bottle.

If your grocer does not have Certo send his name and 40c and we will mail you a bottle. Write for revised Certo booklet of 73 recipes.

CERTO

Douglas Packing Co., Limited, Canada

How to Make Peach or Pear Jam

Peel, remove pits or seeds and crush well about 3 lbs. fruit. Measure 4 level cups (2 lbs.) crushed fruit into large kettle. Add 7½ level cups (3¼ lbs.) sugar, and mix well. Use hottest fire, and stir constantly before and while boiling. Boil hard for one minute. Remove from fire and stir in 1 bottle (scant cup) Certo. Skim and pour quickly.

AN UNKNOWN INVENTOR

HE GAVE THE WORLD THE TYPEWRITER FIFTY YEARS AGO.

Other Attempts Had Been Made to Produce Artificial Writing, But Christopher Latham Sholes Was the Man Who Turned Out a Practical Invention—The Fiftieth Anniversary Will Be Celebrated.

The Herkimer County Historical Society of New York will this year celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of the invention and manufacture of the first practical writing machine. The invention of this machine was largely due to the patience and persistent labors of Christopher Latham Sholes, printer, editor and dreamer. In February, 1873, soon after he had obtained his letters patent, Sholes sent his model to Ilion, in the Mohawk Valley. There later in the year the first typewriter was manufactured.

Sholes was not by any means the first man to conceive the idea of a writing machine. The records of the British Patent Office show that in January, 1714, a patent was granted to an Englis engineer, Henry Mills, for "an artificial machine whereby all writings may be engrossed on paper or parchment in as neat and exact a sort to be distinguished from print." Mills left no model, drawing or description of the machine. None is known to exist. He wrote himself down in history, however, as the first person known to have conceived the great idea.

The first American patent on a writing machine was granted in 1829 to William A. Burt, of Detroit. The only model of this machine was destroyed by a fire in the Washington Patent Office in 1836, but a replica of it was made from documentary description and exhibited at the Chicago world fair in 1893. Other writing machines were invented by Americans, among them Oliver T. Eddy of Baltimore, J. M. Jones of Clyde, N.Y., A. Ely Beach and Dr. Samuel W. Francis of New York and John Pratt of Centre, Ala. The usual description of these machines was "it did good work, but it was too slow." It was evident that even in this stage the outstanding merit of the writing machine lay in its time-saving service. The typewriter did not enter the practical stage until a machine was invented which far surpassed in speed the utmost possibilities of the period. Every year more men were becoming conscious of the need of a practical machine, and more men of inventive minds were turning their thoughts to the matter.

In the winter of 1866-67 in a small machine shop in the outskirts of Milwaukee began the acquaintance and association of the three men who invented the machine to be manufactured six years later at Ilion. These men were Sholes, Carlos Glidden and Samuel Soule. Sholes was the central figure of this association. He never faltered in the face of difficulties and discouragements, and he never abandoned hope of ultimate success. In one of his file of despondency he wrote: "You know that my apprehension is that the thing may take for a while, and for a while there may be an active demand for it, but that, like any other novelty, it will have its brief day and be thrown aside." The typewriter, a novelty! But there was the same speculation in the early days of toy use regarding the railway, the telephone and the automobile. Sholes did not know until the last years of his life how well he had really found it. Twenty-five or thirty experimental models were built by Sholes and his associates between 1867 and 1873. The first model, now in Smithsonian Institution, the patent of June 23, 1868, is a machine so crude that it would hardly be recognized as a typewriter. The last model of this series was the one which was taken to Ilion in 1873 and shown to the Remington Arms Company, where the contract for its manufacture was made.

Sholes called his invention a typewriter, a name which has become universal among English-speaking people. It was the first use of the name! Burt called his machine a "typographer," Francis called his a "printing machine"; Beach called his "an improvement in printing instruments for the blind." Jones gave to his machine the name of a "mechanical typographer" and Pratt called his a "pterotype." Those who came before Sholes seemed to have failed to appreciate a proper name as they did in their inventive efforts. The introduction of the typewriter was beset with many discouragements. A curious thing is that the early catalogues indicate that the first in the list of prospective users was the court reporter. Next in order were lawyers, editors, authors and clergymen.

The business man was apparently considered the poorest prospect, for at the end of the list we find "The merchant, the banker, all business men, can perform the labor of letter writing with much saving of valuable time." The typewriter made its initial bow to the public at the Centennial Exposition at Philadelphia in 1876. Curiosity there was in plenty," it was said, "but it was curiosity mingled with some ridicule and very little serious interest." Few machines were sold; almost the only revenue derived by the exhibitors was from samples of typewriting sold as curios for twenty-five cents apiece. Sholes is said to have sold his royalty rights for $12,000. "This was the only reward, so far as we know," writes his biographer, "that he ever received for his priceless invention and the years of labor he had bestowed upon it." He died in 1890. When near death someone told him he had done a wonderful thing for the world. He replied: "I don't know about the world, but I do feel that I have done something for the country who have always had to work so hard. This will enable them more easily to earn a living."

UNDERGROUND RIVERS.

One of the Wonders of Canada's Northland.

The wonders of Canada's northland grow with each year and each exploration trip. Mrs F. V. Seibert, D.L.S., of the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior, in tracing the limits of the habitat of the wild wood bison in the north, discovered that the northern part of the range contained a number of underground streams, the most important of which are the Nyarling and Chevyn rivers. The country in which these streams are found lies west of Forth Smith on the Slave Lake. They rise on the northern edge of Alberta and flow northward, their waters reaching Great Slave Lake through the little Buffalo River.

The formation which permits of this peculiar condition consists of limestone strata, overlying beds of gypsum. The water in finding its way beneath the surface, has carried away large portions of the gypsum deposits, and the roof of limestone has fallen in causing numerous "sink holes," or in some cases dry valleys. These sink holes vary from six feet to one hundred feet in depth, and are sometimes large enough to contain a whole city block. The formation extends from Peace Point on the Peace River for 150 miles by 150 miles to within a few miles of Buffalo Lake. The northern portion of this formation also contains many dry valleys.

The Nyarling River, the northern Chipewyan name, disappears and drains through a portion of the country, and then rises again in the northern boundary of Alberta, and after a course of about fifteen miles flows into a small lake, where it disappears into the ground to reappear again about ten miles further on in a series of small muskeg lakes from which it continues its regular course to the north.

The line of the underground water course is clearly marked all the way across the large expanse of dry valley varying from fifty to one hundred feet in depth and from one-fifth to one-half mile in width.

The valley is covered with dense vegetation which stands out in sharp contrast to that of the surrounding plateau. A number of other streams, including the Clear, exhibit these peculiar characteristics on a smaller scale.

HOW BODY GROWS AND WORKS.

Small Glands Are Really of the Highest Importance.

Of all the fascinating mysteries connected with human life there is none of more absorbing interest, nor more full of possibilities for future development for the good of mankind, than the discovery of the forces which guide and control the growth of the body and regulate its activities in regard to appetites, feelings and emotion, and finally what is learning something about a number of small glands, each of which makes a special material that is poured into the blood, whence it carries to every part influence on these activities. Indeed, so powerful is the influence of some of these glands, small as most of them are, that they make or mar us in death. They are intimately concerned with such questions as being tall or short, fat or thin, the growth and texture of hair and bone, the regulation of the sex functions and maturity, and the changes which take place in old age. Only a few can be alluded to here, and even these briefly.

Practical use is already being made of the little that is known about them. But there is immense danger of ignorance and speculation may lead to exploitation and charlatanry at the expense of the uninformed, the best preventive for which is a proper knowledge of the truth. Doctor Cannan, one of the pioneers in this field, tells in Hygeia that is known to-day is that these "glands exercise such potent influences on our efficiency and well-being that when we know how they operate we shall probably be in a position to determine the manifestations of sex characters and possibly influence sex behavior, modify the growth of children and of lower animals, and order the rate or nature of chemical change in our bodies. We are still far from attaining these ends. In the presence of both the overenthusiastic and the overconservative, the attitude which is certain to be right in the end is that of demanding rigorously the well-ascertained facts as a basis for both critical judgment and for hope.

Big Value in Shingles

We strongly recommend Everlastic "Giant" Shingles for long service, fire-protection and handsome appearance. Made of extra-heavy sheet-roofing, mineral-surfaced in fadeless red, green or blue-black, they are the highest development in prepared roofings. Let us show them to you.

D. B. WILSON
'Phone 138
Napanee, Ont.

Paint Up !

Insure your buildings against decay and improve their appearance. 100 per cent. Martin-Senour, 100 per cent. pure paints and varnishes. Also genuine white lead, pure boiled oil, turpentine, glass, putty, always in stock. Consult us before buying. WILSON'S Hardware.

Cheese Sales.

Napanee, 945 at 19 3-8c.
Iroquois, 995 at 18 3-4c.
Perth, 1024 at 19 to 19 1-8c.
Picton, 816 at 19 13-16c.
Belleville, 1524 at 20 1-4c.

A Lawn Social.

will be held on the parsonage lawn, Morven, on Friday night, August 17th. Cake and ice cream served to all. Black's orchestra in attendance, and booths to tempt your fancy. Admission, 25c. 37-ap

Spring Boots.

Try us for your spring coarse Boots. We stock the Peterboro Brand. We have some odd sizes going cheap. Don't forget to bring your repairs.
SEYMOUR BROS.,
Near Post Office.

The Market Grocery.

The best goods we can buy are handled by this store. Teas and Coffee of the highest grades. We offer a prize of five lbs. our best tea for the best specimen Tuberour Begonia, purchased from us, and shown at the County Fair.
THOMPSON BROS.

Nearly a Catastrophe.

Mrs. H. Sherman, of Sherman's Point, Bay of Quinte, had a narrow escape from drowning at eight o'clock on Friday morning. She had rowed out to the Quinte Lady to see her brother-in-law, and in reaching over to get aboard the launch, the punt she was in slid from under her, and she was plunged into the bay. Luckily Mr. Fred Cummings, the engineer, saw the accident, ran back to the gangway and was just in time to catch Mrs. Sherman as she rose to the surface. The lady had with great presence of mind kept her hands above her head, and Mr. Cummings was able to take hold of a finger on which was a ring, and but for the ring, he could not have held on. Mrs. Sherman was brought aboard a little frightened but otherwise not much the worse for her misadventure.

GRACE METH. CHURCH

A. J. TERRILL, B.A., B.D., Pastor.

The pastor will conduct both services.
Rev. Benjamin Greatrix will conduct Public Worship at 10.30 and 7 and prayer service on Wednesday evening at 7.45.
9 a.m.—Class meeting.
9.45 a.m.—Young people's class
10.45 —Sunday School and Adult Classes.

New High Test Gas.

In order to introduce Marathon High Test Gas to the public, we intend selling it for a time at the same price as low test gas. We invite you to give it a trial.
WISEMAN'S GARAGE,
33-d Napanee.

New High Test. Gas.

In order to introduce Marathon High Test Gas to the public, we intend selling it for a time at the same price as low test gas. We invite you to give it a trial.
PAUL'S GARAGE, Napanee.
32-c

Inquiry at Verona Over the Recent Fire.

A provincial fire marshall was in Verona on Thursday afternoon and opened an inquiry into the cause of the recent fire which destroyed the general store of Mr. Amey and damaged the residence of Dr. Geddes. Reports from Verona on Friday morning stated that in all about a score of witnesses were heard, and that the fire marshall pointed out that the evidence showed without a doubt that the fire started inside the store, and that it was of an incendiary nature. The evidence also showed that the fire started on the second story. The fire marshall adjourned the hearing until further evidence is available. Further developements in the case are looked for in due course. It will be recalled that the fire in Mr. Amey's store was the second to occur within a period of two years. On the occasion of the first fire some other buildings in the village were destroyed, the blaze being the worst in the history of the place. The villagers had a hard time saving the village. Following this big fire the village purchased the old chemical engine from the Kingston fire department, in order that the village might have better fire protection.

For honest values in Men's Work Boots, see the solid leather kind at WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

Accepts With Pleasure.

Hon. Sir Allen Aylesworth, Senator, who was Minister of Justice in the Laurier Cabinet, and was also British Commissioner in the Bearing Sea Arbitration, has joined the U. E. L. Celebration Corporation, 1924, and accepted the office of Vice-President. This will be a great help to the celebration of the 140th anniversary of the settlement of Upper Canada to be held next year at Belleville, as Sir Allen is a member of one of the old U. E. L. families who settled in the Bay of Quinte District. The following letter from Sir Allen shows that notwithstanding his many honors conferred upon him, he esteems the Vice-Presidency of this organization a "great honor."

W. C. MIKEL, Esq., K.C.,
Belleville, Ont.

Dear Mikel,—

I have your kind letter proposing that my name should appear as one of the Vice Presidents of the U. E. L. Celebration Corporation, 1924. I should esteem this position a great honor and I thank you for having suggested it. I need scarcely say that I am quite willing and that I accept with great pleasure.

Yours faithfully,
Sgd. A. B. AYLESWORTH.

Spend A Little Save A Lot

Its surprising what DRY CLEANING can do in putting smartness and longer wear into a man's clothes.

Bring in your Suits and have them Cleaned and put in shape.

JAMES WALTERS,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
NAPANEE

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilcox, B. A., B. D., pastor.

Sunday, 10.30—Morning Worship.
11.45—Sunday school and bible classes.
Sunday, 7.00 p. m.—Evening Worship.
Thursday, 7.30 p.m.—Midweek service.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH
Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church :
Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.
10.30—Holy Communion.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening prayer.

Save the Surface.

By using high grade paints, Best boiled oil, turpentine, glass and putty. Our paints have no superior in quality. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Get In the Harvest Field Early.

In order to enable Canadian National Harvesters to be first in the field, first Canadian National Railway train from Toronto, August 13th, will leave the Union Station at 12.15 a.m. (Midnight, Aug. 12th). Make your plans early. Through solid trains will be operated to Winnipeg without change, consisting of convertible (berth) Colonist cars of latest design. Lunch counter cars will be attached to trains serving food and refreshments at reasonable prices. For fares, train service, etc., apply to nearest Canadian National Agent.

September Departmental Examinations.

Applications for the Supplemental Examinations in Sept. must be made on or before Sept. 1st to the Deputy Minister of Education, Toronto. Not all candidates who failed in the June examinations will be admitted to the Sept. examinations. The Time Table is as follows :Sept.6, Fr., Auth. and Comp. ; Sept. 7, Geometry and English Composition ; Sept. 10, Algebra and Eng. Literature ; Sept. 11, German Authors and Comp. ; Sept. 12, Greek Authors and Composition ; Sept. 13, Physics and Ancient History ; Sept. 14, Chemistry and British History ; Sept. 17, Latin Authors and Composition.

Napanee Boy Scouts Visit Kingston.

Travelling by motor truck, about thirty members of No. 1 Boy Scout Troop of Napanee visited Kingston on Sunday and Monday. They left Napanee about 2 a. m. Sunday morning. They attended service at St. George's Cathedral, where they were welcomed by Joan Barr. Sunday afternoon they were taken to the Royal Military College by Scout Master Percy Hall and there, through the kindness of Sir Archibald Macdonell, they were shown through Currie Hall and Fort Frederick. The boys enjoyed the visit to the R.M.C. very much, particularly the interesting museum in the fort. Monday morning they were taken to Fort Henry, through the kindness of Ordnance Officer Cartner. They returned to Napanee Monday night.

STELLA

Owing to the drought the grain has ripened very rapidly and will very soon be all cut and stooked ready for threshing.

Dr. and Mrs. Jordan, with four grandchildren, are spending a quiet holiday here.

Mrs. A. McBride, of Kingston, spent a recent week-end with her sister-in-law, Mrs. Honson, on Stella Point.

Mrs. S. McKenzie, of Gananoque, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Bulch.

An exciting game of ball was played here between Bath and Stella girls with a victory for the home team.

A great many from here attended the dance in Bath on the 3rd.

Messrs. Harold and Fred Neilson spent a recent Sunday with their mother here.

Mrs. Ray Baker and son, Reginald, of Kingston, are visiting her father, Mr. R. Kilpatrick.

Mr. E. Kilpatrick spent a few days at Pittsferry recently.

Dizzy Spells Due To Undigested Food

Dizziness and faintness after eating show that your food is not digested and is turning into poison and gas. Simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adlerika, expels all poison and gas from BOTH upper and lower bowel. Removes foul, decaying food-matter you never thought was in your system which poisoned stomach and made you dizzy and faint. Adlerika is EXCELLENT to guard against appendicitis. Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

UNITED CHURCH SERVICES.

Trinity Methodist and St. Andrew's Presbyterian, in Trinity Church.
Rev. Tanton officiating minister.
10.30—Morning Service.
11.45 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7.00 p.m.—Evening Service.

New Paint Shop.

Mr. Frank Markle has rented the Symington evaporator building at the foot of West street, and is fixing it up for a paint shop, for cars, motor boats, furniture, etc. Tops and trimmings of all kinds. Work guaranteed. 5-tf

Barn Burned.

Saturday morning, about 8 o'clock, Mr. Herb Gallagher, Adolphustown, lost his barn by fire. About four tons of last year's hay and considerable straw and feed was consumed. The origin of the fire is supposed to have been the over-heating of a manure pile. Mr. Gallagher's loss will be about $1500, with a small insurance.

Roblin Circuit.

Rev. C. J. Wilson, Pastor.
Sunday Schools :Ebenezer and Lime Lake at 9.30 a.m. ; Roblin 10.00 a.m. ; Forest Mills and Westplain 1.30 p.m.
Services : Lime Lake 10.30 a. m. ; Westplain 1.30 p.m. ; Roblin 7.30 p.m.
Quarterly Board Meeting—Roblin Church, Tuesday, Aug. 21st, at 2 p.m.
Mid-week service—Westplain Church, Thursday evening at 7.30.

The Late John Lowry.

Mr. John Lowry, one of Napanee's most widely known and esteemed citizens passed away on Tuesday morning at his home on Dundas street. Though he had been in poor health for some months, he was seriously ill but a few days. John Lowry had been a resident of Napanee for over sixty years. Starting life as a blacksmith with the late firm of Webster & Boyes, he later went into the blacksmithing business for himself and after a successful business career retired some years ago. For a number of years deceased was a member of the town council and served two terms as Mayor of the town. He was also Reeve for a couple of years. No man in Napanee took a keener interest in the public works of the town than John Lowry and no one had the same knowledge of the sewer system of the town as he had, a large number of the sewers having been built by him or while he was in the council. On retiring from the Council he even availed itself of his knowledge and appointed him overseer of all its sewer and street work for some years. Later Mr. Lowry spent some time as foreman on the Provincial Highway leading both east and west from the town. Besides his widow he leaves one son, Mr. Jos. Lowry and two daughters, Mrs. Wm. Burns and Mrs. E. J. Pollard. The funeral will take place from his late residence on Thursday afternoon at 2 p.m.

ASSURANCE
THOSE who employ us have the assurance that they will receive the highest degree of service and satisfaction.
We are equipped to handle a commission in a thorough manner. Our services are dependable and polite.
MASTERS & TIERNEY
UNDERTAKERS
FULL MOTOR EQUIPMENT
WALLPAPERS WINDOW SHADES

PUPIL NURSES WANTED
at the
BUFFALO CITY HOSPITAL
462 Prider St.
BUFFALO, N.Y.
863 beds for the reception of every known disease
8 DISPENSARIES IN CONNECTION
Affiliated with the University of Buffalo Medical Department
3 year registered course, fitting pupils for Bedside, Public Health and Administrative Nursing. 670 hours devoted to classes, recitations, demonstrations and laboratory work in Dietetics, Home Economics, Bacteriology, Chemistry, Physiology, and General Nursing subjects.
Opportunities for selected graduates to fill paid executive positions or pursue special study courses.
THE EXPERIENCE WE OFFER EQUALS A THREE YEAR COLLEGE COURSE
Entrance requirements : 1 year New York State High School or its equivalent.
Salary, $15.00 a month. Food, lodging, uniforms, laundry and books furnished free.
Straight eight hour duty. No split watches. One whole day off every seven days.
A WELL CONDUCTED NURSING COURSE IS A FINE PREPARATION FOR WIFEHOOD AND A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO CULTIVATE THE HABIT OF RIGHT LIVING.
New Class Now Forming
37-a

LIGHTNING MAY STRIKE YOUR BARN

Make sure that your barns and crops, as well as your house, are amply covered by insurance. Consult

HARSHAW & SON
Insurance AGents
NAPANEE

WONDERLAND

NAPANEE'S FAVORITE PLACE OF AMUSEMENT

For entertainment of the better sort.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

Milton Sills, Jack Muthall, Alec Francis and Cleo Ridgley in the most thrilling drama ever screened, a picture you will always remember, "THE FORGOTTEN LAW."
Also a special 2-reel Comedy.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Wm. DeMille's special showing of the great Broadway success now in pictures, "BOUGHT AND PAID FOR," with Jack Holt, Agnes Ayres and Walter Hiers in the leading roles ,supported by a select cast.
Also a 2-reel Western drama.
Also a good comedy.

MONDAY and TUESDAY

From a clear sky—A Masterpiece. John M. Stahl's greatest, "ONE CLEAR CALL," starring Milton Sills, Claire Windsor, Henry B. Wathall, Irene Rich and a big First National Cast.
And a funny 2-reel comedy, Buster Keaton in "THE ELECTRIC HOUSE," concludes our program.

Watch this space for our big, coming Special Attractions.

Black's Orchestra Wednesday Nights.

The Home of High Class Pictures and Road Shows.

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We succeed Ming & Hambly, who will assist us for a time.

F. C. MARTIN & SON.
24-6m

TO OPEN NAPANEE FAIR.

Col. Cokshutt, Lieut. Governor of Ontario, will open the Napanee Fair, on Tuesday, September 11th.

WHEN ROSES BLOOM

And velvet lawns and cool foliage surround those in their final sleep, let us erect to the memory of your dear departed, a monument in granite, that will stand forever. We have always a large number of designs to choose from at very low prices.

WM. HOWITT, - NAPANEE

"CANADIAN NATIONAL EXHIBITION" TORONTO

AUG. 25th—SEPT. 8th

The Show Window of Nations

Estimated attendance, 1923, 45th Consecutive year, 1,500,000

Programme without precedent in its variety and extent
Scores of new features and all of the old that have retained public favor

GEORGEOUS CLEOPATRA SPECTACLE
Crowning triumph in the production of super-pageants
1500 Performers

JOHN. G. KENT. Managing Director ROBERT MILLER, President

50,000 Harvesters Wanted

"Fare Going"—$15 to WINNIPEG. **"Fare Returning"—$20 from WINNIPEG.**

½ cent per mile Winnipeg to destination. ½ cent per mile starting point to Winnipeg.

GOING DATES	TERRITORY
AUGUST 18 and AUGUST 22.	From Stations in Ontario, Smith's Falls to and including Toronto on Lake Ontario Shore Line and Havelock-Peterboro Line. From all Stations Kingston to Renfrew Junction, inclusive. From all Stations on Toronto-Sudbury direct line. From all Stations Dranoel to Port McNicoll and Burketon, to Bobcaygeon, inclusive.
AUGUST 15 and AUGUST 24.	From all Stations South and West of Toronto to and including Hamilton and Windsor, Ont. From all Stations on Owen Sound, Walkerton, Orangeville, Teswater, Elora, Listowel, Goderich, St. Mary's, Port Burwell, and St. Thomas Branches. From all Stations Toronto and North to Bolton, inclusive.

SPECIAL TRAINS FROM TORONTO
LUNCH COUNTER CARS—Food and Refreshments at reasonable prices.
Full particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents. W. FULTON, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

Travel **CANADIAN PACIFIC**

50,000 HARVESTERS WANTED

$15.00 TO WINNIPEG

Plus half a cent a mile beyond to all points in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta; Edmonton, Calgary, McLeod and East. SPECIAL LOW FARES RETURNING

GOING DATES

August 22nd—Toronto, Caledon East, Beeton, Meaford, Collingwood, Penetang, Midland, Parry Sound, Sudbury, Capreol and east thereof in Ontario, also west of Lachute and St. Andrews East in Quebec.
August 15th and 24th—Toronto, Inglewood Jct. and all stations south and west thereof in Ontario.

Special Trains Leave—(Standard Time)

Toronto Union Station—Aug. 22nd, 12.30 p.m. ; Aug. 22nd, 10.30 p.m.

Through Trains with Lunch Counter Cars—Food and Refreshments at Reasonable Prices. Special Cars for Women and Colonist Cars of Latest Design
Travel the National Way to any point in Western Canada.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

'Phone 359. **McIntosh Bros.** 'Phone 359.
(Six Stores)

Keep your eyes on this space from week to week.

We are Making Preparations for

THE BIGGEST SALE

in the History of the Store.

McINTOSH BROS., NAPANEE BRANCH.

Exide
MADE IN CANADA
BATTERIES

The pleasure of driving your car equipped with an Exide is the pleasure that comes from a mind relieved of the worry of "what's going to happen to my battery next"?

E. F. SMITH,
AGENT
John Street, Napanee.

At H. W. Kelly's you can get all kinds of plants for bedding, also we take orders for funeral wreaths. 23-tf

Protect Your Bushes and Plants

SPRAYS AND SPRAYERS

Black Leaf 40c. Spray Tabs 35c. a package.
will destroy all plant lice and bugs.

GEO. E. WINTER, SEEDS
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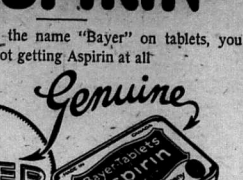
Fishing Tackle.

Poles, lines, reels, hooks, baits in great variety. DAVY & ALLISON.

ASPIRIN

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all!



Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds, Headache, Rheumatism
Toothache, Neuralgia, Neuritis
Earache, Lumbago, Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

THE MARKETS

TORONTO GRAIN MARKET.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 northern, 3.18½.

Manitoba Oats—No. 3 C.W., 49c; extra No. 1 feed, not quoted; No. 1 feed, not quoted.

Manitoba Barley—Not quoted.

All of the above, c.i.f., bay ports.

American Corn—No. 2 yellow, $1.04, rack, Toronto, prompt shipment.

Ontario Oats—No. 2 white, 44c to 46c, according to freights outside.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 winter, nominal.

Barley—Malting, 57c to 59c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—Not quoted.

Rye—No. 2, nominal, according to freights outside.

Manitoba Flour—First patent, $6.90, Toronto; second patent, $6.85, Toronto.

Ontario Flour—90 per cent. patent, $4.75, in jute bags, Montreal; prompt shipment; Ontario flour, 90 p.c. patent, $4.75, in jute bags, Toronto shipment; Ontario flour, 90 p.c. patent, $4.85, bulk, seaboard, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered, Montreal, freight, bags included; bran, per ton, $25 to $26; shorts, $27; middlings, $32, feed flour, bag, $2.15 to $2.25.

$32, feed flour, bag, $2.05.

CATTLE MARKETS

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

TORONTO, Aug. 13.—While cattle receipts at the Union Stock Yards last week were considerably smaller than in the previous period, a large proportion of the shipments consisted of very poor quality stock, with the result that trading was again of an unsatisfactory character. Over half of the offering came from the Western Provinces, and salesmen found considerable difficulty in selling the worst of these. A good deal of money was lost by some of the Western shippers, and in addition to the poor quality offerings from the West, a steady tendency for prices for the native offering.

There was an offering of about 2,000 cattle following Civic Holiday, and the export trade was more active than it had been, with packers also buying more freely for stock and killers. Altogether about 20 loads of heavy cattle, but prices paid were slightly lower. A better feeling was encountered Wednesday, although at lower prices, and when trading closed there were buyers only three or four finished cattle left in the pens.

The exporters paid from $6.90 to $7.50 for select steers. Light Western steers sold anywhere from $6.00 to $6.50 per cwt. Receipts of cows were heavy and the best bought from $5 to $5.50, trading in bulls was dull, with a few choice steers bringing up to $5.50 per cwt.

The strength in the hog market was outstanding, price advancing a quarter per cwt. advance. It is reported that hog buyers have been paying higher prices in the country recently than on the local market. The bacon market in the old Country is said to be improving and hogs were in good demand. The market had a steady opening at $8.85 for thick smooth, fed and watered, but by the end of the week packers were paying $9.00.

There was a steady trade in calves, and sales making $14 per cwt., and bulk of the choice from $9.50 to $10. Medium to good kinds sold from $7 to $9.

The lamb market was also generally steady throughout the week. The price range for the best lambs was from $11.50 to $12.50, with the majority of the best going at $12. Culls and heavy sold from $8 to $12. Light sheep were scarce and prices held unchanged from $5 to $6, with a few choice at $6.50.

Receipts at the Union Yards last week for bonding, mixed and packers' cattle, 5,513 hogs, 1,341; sheep, 1,236.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

BUFFALO, Aug. 13.—Cattle receipts, 125; very slow and steady.

Calves, 150; active and steady; $4.50 to $13.50.

Hogs, 1,400; active, 5c to 10c higher; heavy, $8.30 to $8.40; mixed, $8.40 to $8.50; Yorkers, $8.55 to $8.70; light, $8.40 to $8.55; pigs, $8 to $8.20; roughs, $7.50 to $7.75; stags, $4 to $5.

Sheep and lambs, 2000; active; no sales reported.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—Hogs, 7,000; steady; bulk good and choice 160 to 210 lbs. averages, $8.80 to $8.95; bulk assortable, 220 to 325 lbs. butchers, $8.60 to $8.75; bulk packing sows, $6.85 to $7.15; stags, strong weights, $6.75 to $7.75; killing pigs, $8.50 to $9.

Cattle, 4,000; compared with a week ago, better grades of yearlings and fat she-stock, 25c to 50c higher; other grades slow; uneven; top matured steers, $12.45; best long yearlings, $12.10; canners and cutters, 25c lower; bulls steady; calves 25c higher; desirable stockers and feeders around 50c higher; others slow.

Sheep, 20,000; receipts mostly direct, for week, 12 loads, 17 double-decks; compared week ago, fat and feeding lambs, 25c to 35c higher; yearlings and aged sheep steady to 25c lower; top western lambs, $12.50 to $12.65; bulk native lambs, $12 to $12.40; culls, $7.75 to $9.50; aged wethers, $7 to $8.75.

SEVEN PEOPLE INJURED

When Car Plunges Over an Embankment.

Party Were Going From Hamilton to Elora to Spend the Day—Sedan Crashes Into Barricade at Gully Near Jesuit Novitiate — Landed Against Solid Concrete Abutment.

GUELPH, Aug. 13.—Seven people were more or less seriously injured at 10.30 o'clock Sunday morning when a sedan car, owned and driven by Harry Dunbar, 417 John street, Hamilton, went over an embankment nearly opposite the St. Stanislaus Jesuit Novitiate, about two miles north of the city. At the point where the accident occurred repairs are being made to a bridge which spans a large creek, a new concrete culvert being put in and the bridge widened, but as the work was not nearly completed barricades had been placed at each end, and it was into one of these that the sedan went. It left the road entirely, and landed against the solid concrete abutment.

In the car they had a small oil stove and a good stock of provisions, and intended to picnic. From what can be learned they were not travelling at a very fast rate, but there is a down grade just before the bridge is reached and something may have happened to the mechanism of the car, as the brakes were found to be right, indicating that the driver realized that something went wrong.

As soon as the accident was discovered word was sent to the city and the ambulance was sent out and the injured taken to St. Joseph's Hospital. Here it was found that Mr. Duchano was the worst injured of any in the party. He has injuries in the chest, and it is feared that his right leg is broken, and he is also badly cut up. The other members of the party are severely cut with broken glass, particularly about the face and hands, with the exception of Bobby Webster, who has only a slight scalp wound.

A little Pomeranian dog was in the car, and it had one of its legs broken.

Provincial Constable Mennie was sent for, and took charge of the wrecked car and secured all the facts in connection with the accident.

Embargo Remains on Apples.

OTTAWA, Aug. 13.—Efforts to have the Australian Government remove an embargo which has had the effect of barring importation of Canadian apples, have failed, according to an announcement made by officials of the Dominion Fruit Branch of the Federal Department of Agriculture.

The embargo took the form of a Commonwealth quarantine proclamation under date of February 24, 1921. It prohibited importation of apples into Australia from any country in which pear and fire blight were known to exist.

Young man drowned at Port Hope. Three others rescued when exhausted.

Anthracite Production Falls Off.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 13.—Anthracite production in Pennsylvania last year aggregated 53,910,201 tons of 2,000 pounds each, reports made public Saturday by the Department of Mines showed. This was a decrease of 36,448,441 tons compared with the 1921 production, and was due to the prolonged suspension of operations because of the wage controversy.

The anthracite mines employed 158,880 men in 1922, compared with 161,928 in 1921.

Man Killed In Quarrel Over Debt.

TORONTO, Aug. 13.—In a revolver duel at the corner of Kensington avenue and Dundas street early Saturday morning, George Fletcher, colored, aged 38, of Baldwin street, was shot in the stomach. He died in the General Hospital a few hours after admittance. As a result of the affair, Roy Tracey, aged 29, colored, Queen street west, was taken into custody on a charge of murder.

Three Are Killed.

LAKE CRYSTAL, Minn., Aug. 13.—George Baker, of Janesville, Minn., and two unidentified women were killed when their automobile was struck by a passenger train on the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway on Saturday.

CUNO CABINET RESIGNS

Government on a Four-Party Coalition Basis.

Chancellorship Is Taken by Industrial Leader, Dr. Gustave Stresemann —Will Deliver Outline of Policy on Tuesday—Will Make Offers to French Premier.

BERLIN, Aug. 13.—The resignations of Chancellor Wilhelm Cuno and his entire Cabinet were accepted Sunday by President Ebert.

Dr. Gustav Stresemann, leader of the German People's party, has been commissioned by President Ebert to form a new Government.

After accepting the task, Herr Stresemann had a conference with the representatives of the various parties. The greatest difficulty seems to be in connection with the Foreign Ministry, and it is thought possible that he will take the post himself temporarily.

It generally is expected that Herr Stresemann will give the Socialists three Cabinet portfolios, whereupon the nation's nervous and excited labor masses, who for a week have been engaging in isolated uprisings, riots and disturbances, will be greatly quieted. The Foreign Office believes the Communists are failing everywhere with their general strike propaganda. The Monarchists and Extremist Conservatives also are keeping quiet. They will not act unless the Communist revolution plans mature, when they expect to crush Bolshevism completely.

Herr Stresemann's political program is expected to be announced Tuesday.

After accepting the task Herr Stresemann had a conference with the representatives of the various parties. The greatest difficulty seems to be in connection with the Foreign Ministry, and it is thought possible that he will take the post himself, temporarily.

It is believed in political quarters that Herr Hilferding will be the new Finance Minister and Herr Sellman will be named Minister of the Interior, while the name of Herr Rheinhaben of the People's Party is mentioned as the new Secretary of State to the Imperial Chancellory.

Just before Chancellor Cuno called on President Ebert to submit the Cabinet's resignation the Reichstag leaders representing the present coalition parties and the Liberal Socialists visited the President and discussed with him the prospects of constructing a Government on a four-party coalition basis. This indicated that the United Socialists had arrived at an understanding with the bourgeoise parties with respect to their readiness to enter a Cabinet which would accept a platform the program of internal tax and financial measures and other political and economic demands which the United Socialists put forward in their campaign against Herr Cuno.

Abandonment of the Chancellor by the Socialists was commonly accepted as a concession to their radical following as a counter-stroke to the Communists, who are utilizing the nation's distresses as a means of mobilizing the working classes around the Red flag.

It may be said that Herr Cuno was purely a victim of the economic crisis, as the three middle parties supporting him were still inclined to stand by Cuno to the last. But at last they realized the futility of maintaining him in the position of Chancellor in the face of 200 hostile Labor votes in the Reichstag. The Chancellor's political supporters and President Ebert finally impressed him with the hopelessness of such a prospect and he consented to resign. The four-party coalition which hereafter will occupy the Government bench in the Reichstag will command a majority which is computed by only 71 Nationalistic and 26 Communistic votes out of a total of 469.

Dr. Stresemann was born in 1878. He is one of the most fluent speakers in the Reichstag and an out-and-out party man. Nevertheless, he is regarded as an adept politician and the new Chancellor has been identified with industrial activities, being the President of the German-American Economic League, which is occupied with endeavoring to further trade relations between the United States and Germany.

WILL NOT PERMIT STRIKE.

President Decides That Trouble In Mining Area Must Stop.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Aug. 13.—President Coolidge will not permit a coal strike, it was said here yesterday after a conference between John Hays Hammond, chairman of the Coal Fact Finding Commission, and Dr. George Otis Smith, a member of that commission, who had hurried to Mr. Hammond's Gloucester home after a conference with the President in Washington Saturday. Dr. Smith returned to Washington last night.

Mr. Hammond announced after the conference that he would go to Washington to see President Coolidge on the coal situation either Tuesday or Wednesday. It was also announced that a day or so after that conference a joint meeting of anthracite mine operators and miners' officials would be held in New York.

Street Railway Employes Sentenced.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 13.—Declaring that he considered their guilty blameworthiness was the loss of their positions and the attendant disgrace, Magistrate Noble, Saturday, sentenced Samuel Thompson and George Wood, two street railway employes, to ten days in jail. They were convicted of stealing car tickets. Street railway officials say the thefts amounted to $25,000.

Drowned Near Brantford.

BRANTFORD, Aug. 13.— Sidney Genner, an English boy who made his home for the past two months with Ernest Secord, near Oakland, was drowned Sunday afternoon in the Oakland Lower Grand river, in which he and a chum were rowing sunk, and while the other boy struggled to shore, young Genner sank before aid could be given.

Famous Spanish Painter Dies.

MADRID, Aug. 13.—Joapin Sorolla Bastida, famous Spanish painter, died Friday evening in a suburb of Madrid, after a long illness.

Armed Cuban cruiser Patria receives international permission to steam to Toronto Bay through United States and Canadian waters.

THE WHITEST, LIGHTEST
1 LB.
MAGIC
BAKING
POWDER
CONTAINS NO ALUM

CITIZENS IN MAN HUNT.

Carleton County Scene of All-Night Search for Inhuman Wretch.

OTTAWA, Aug. 13.— Practically the whole countryside at Billing's Bridge, Ottawa, was out all Saturday night and most of Sunday morning engaged in a man-hunt for the author of one of the most dastardly outrages committed in the history of Carleton county, whereby Hazel Mockett, 16-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Mockett, well-to-do farmers of Billing's Bridge, lies at her parents' home almost at death's door.

The unfortunate girl, attacked by an unknown man, but of whom the police have a fairly accurate description, within a quarter of a mile of her home in broad daylight, was terribly battered about the face and throat by her assailant, who, after dragging her into a shed, again beat her, and then apparently left her for dead.

Miss Mockett's plight was first discovered until some time later, when, as she failed to return home for supper, an older sister went in search of her, found her with her features almost unrecognizable, and hardly able to stagger along the road home.

Reaching there, she faltered out her story and the news spread like wildfire throughout the countryside. Soon a posse of over 60 neighbors, assisted by the police, were scattered through Billing's bush in the direction the man was supposed to have taken, but, although the search was kept up all night, no trace of him was seen.

To her father Miss Hazel told the following story of what had happened to her, giving a description of her assailant.

"About half-past four I went up to the garden and was sitting on a cedar pole, close to an old shed, after I had frightened some blackbirds away from the garden, when I suddenly saw a man standing beside me.

"I did not know the man, but he stood there looking at me for a while; then he asked me if my father was around. I said he was not. Then he inquired if my father was the big man who lived a piece down the road, apparently meaning Mr. Craig, and I told him 'No.' He said there did not seem to be many houses around that part and wanted to know if I had ever done any gymnasium work. I began to get nervous at his questions and when I was getting on my feet, when he suddenly seized me by the throat and stuffed a handkerchief in my mouth. I resisted, me from crying for help, I fought with him and managed to get the handkerchief out of my mouth, when he suddenly struck me several blows with his fist in the face, knocking me down, and I felt myself being dragged into the shed. I seemed to lose my senses then, and when I woke up he was standing over me. I tried to get up and he struck me again and again in the face, until I think I fainted."

LIGHTNING STRIKES TANK.

Over 1,000,000 Gallons of Crude Oil Fired In Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 13. — A climbing sheet of flame, 200 feet high, gave firemen a hard battle yesterday afternoon and last night, when an oil tank containing 1,050,000 gallons of crude oil was struck by lightning at the Philadelphia plant of the Atlantic Refining Company.

The tank in the agitation refineries was struck shortly after two o'clock, when a fierce electric storm broke over this city. With a roar that could be heard over the entire section of South Philadelphia, the flames leaped skyward, threatening to envelop other tanks.

An alarm brought out the company's firemen, who valiantly strove to extinguish the flames. After twenty minutes of hard fighting a call was sent out for the city firemen.

Three-quarters of an hour later a second alarm was sent in. Hampered by the intense heat, the dense black smoke and the oil fumes, which swept the yard, the firemen, unable to do more than protect other tanks, played their streams of water on adjoining tanks, which threatened to ignite the buckle from the heat.

At a late hour last night the fire was still raging and getting beyond control.

1,872,500 Visitors.

TORONTO, Aug. 13.—The Canadian National Exhibition, which opens here on August 25, is the result of systematic and vigorous effort spread over nearly half a century, required for the successful accomplishment persistent and long-sustained endeavor, a spirit of community energy, confidence and progress, public courage, civic patriotism and pride. The Canadian National has a tremendous army of patrons to appeal to, and in the way of entertainment its scope is wide. The attendance last year — 1,372,500 — represents about one-seventh of the total population of the Dominion. One can learn more of Canada by a short visit to the C. N. E. than by weeks of travel at any other time.

For Your Lawn.

Lawn mowers, Goodyear rubber hose, lawn shears, grass catchers. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for Perusal by the Readers of Our Paper.

TUESDAY.

Ross horses win twice at Fort Erie. Leg of mutton sleeve restored in Paris.

Minister of Defence resigns in Belgium.

Mark skids to 2,000,000 on the Bourse.

Toronto wins Carle-Rite Trophy from Montreal.

Civil holiday was celebrated by towns in Ontario.

Socialist party expects fall of Cuno Ministry in Berlin.

Toronto cricket team loses first club match of season.

Car crashes into pole and sets fence on fire at Trenton.

Leafs are beaten in morning and afternoon game by Buffalo.

Straw hat worn by Napoleon at St. Helena found in junk store.

Government plans to issue Canadian guide for European tourists.

Grand Encampment I.O.O.F. opens 54th annual session at Peterboro.

Minister of Agriculture will visit Government Farm at New Liskeard.

Weston, Torontos, Orangeville and Midlands win O.A.A.A. senior games.

Premier Dunning of Saskatchewan, proposes tariff against U. S. coal.

Car Brule IL., blazing trail from Halifax to Sault, warmly welcomed on arrival.

Two crippled children caught in underflow, drowned in surf at Rockaway Park.

Ontario Firemen's Association opens three-day convention at Burlington.

Chicago pays great tribute to late President, dense crowds impeding progress of funeral train.

New Ontario Government Experimental Farm at New Liskeard busy testing grains for local sowing.

James Cooper Mason, general manager of the Home Bank of Canada, died at his residence at Toronto.

Montreal C.P.R. soccer team beats Nanaimo, B.C., in Connaught Cup series, necessitating another game.

Guards still searching countryside for John Corrigan, Inana lawyer of Father Clokecy, of Proton, who escaped from the Guelph Reformatory.

William Price, Jr., aged 18, employed as deckhand on steamer Kingston, drowns in lake, and the young man's father has asked for an inquiry.

WEDNESDAY.

Leafs win sixth game in row.

King George's yacht wins at Cowes regatta.

Cleveland Indians beat Washington, 22 to 2.

"Cy" Williams makes his 29th home run of season.

Continued heavy rain, weather ruining pastures throughout Ontario.

President Harding's widow now seriously ill from nervous prostration.

British Cabinet crisis approaching. Several resignations are looked for.

Controversy still rages over legal status of Hydro Conciliation Board.

League of Nations' Disarmament Committee proposes reduction of arms.

Monument to Etienne Brule, discoverer of Lake Superior, unveiled at Sault.

Caddie instantly killed and four golfers stunned by lightning at Chicago.

Ontario Poultry Association decides to establish a co-operative marketing organization.

Wreaths from King George and the Canadian Government placed on Harding's casket.

Colored African princess assaulted by white men, believed to be Americans, in Mediterranean.

Navigation tied up when construction train crashes into swing bridge not properly closed over Welland Canal.

Canada should try some other method than planting trees as a source of new timber, Dr. Howe tells forestry convention.

Hon. Dr. Forbes Godfrey, Minister of Health and Labor, announces free insulin for needy Ontario patients, commencing September 1.

An open verdict was returned in the death of Allan Ball near Aurora, but riders were advised to be careful in driving of automobiles by minors, and calling attention to the dangerous condition of the radial railway roadbed.

BIG MONTREAL FIRE.

Over 200 Automobiles Stored In Premises Were Destroyed.

MONTREAL, Aug. 13.—Damage, set at $500,000, was caused by fire here Sunday afternoon, which destroyed the premises at Osborne and Mountain streets of the Ledoux Engravings Carriage Co., Ltd., and which, spreading to neighboring buildings, including the Bell Telephone Company's garage, three dwellings and a hotel, caused great damage.

Four men, including two firemen, were slightly injured. Over 200 automobiles stored in the premises were destroyed.

The roar of exploding gasoline in the tanks of the automobiles could be heard for blocks. Five firemen narrowly escaped when part of the front wall of the factory fell on their ladder as they were at the window. A pile of brick and masonry fell on the engine of the wagon, crushing it, but none of the men were injured.

Other walls collapsed, falling through the roof of the Bell Telephone garage and the roof of the Hotel St. Denis, causing much of which buildings small fires were consequently started, but were soon put out. Two men were slightly injured by the falling bricks, and Fireman Turner dislocated his shoulder and Fireman Godin sustained some burns.

At 10 o'clock last evening the back walls of the four dwellings abutting on the factory collapsed with a roar of falling bricks. These houses had been evacuated by the families living in them early in the afternoon, and they had also salvaged most of their household effects.

To-day's fire was the third suffered by William Jennings, member of the firm of Ledoux-Jennings. A former plant owned by him was destroyed in January, 1919, and the present plant was partially destroyed by fire two years ago. The building was partially covered by insurance and loss on the four dwellings, it is thought, will also be heavy.

SATURDAY.

Ross' Curland wins again at Fort Erie.

Father-in-law of Premier Ferguson is dead.

British answer to France and Belgium ready.

Grain acreage in England shows steady decrease.

Plans are made to build $500,000 ice arena at Brantford.

"Wets" start fight to restore light wine and beer in Illinois.

Problems of Empire trade discussed at Forestry Convention.

High-class rams being brought into Ontario from old country.

Canadian Teachers' Federation to meet next year at Victoria, B.C.

Dr. Banting returns to Toronto greatly impressed with Britain.

Lay up lake freights to be enforced, U. S. vessels stop carrying grain.

Manitoba Government counsel opposes rate revision asked by British Columbia.

Nearly three hundred nurses register for summer course at University of Toronto.

Chief of Six Nations' Indians on way to England to ask King George to grant complete independence to his people.

C. N. R. operating ratio for May lower than in corresponding month in previous year.

Communists threaten revolt to Reichstag and Labor men demand Cuno's resignation.

Toronto cricketers lead in John Ross Robertson Cup game with McGill at Montreal, 138—78.

New President of the United States is on his way to Washington to tackle coal and other problems.

Sir Adam Beck is alarmed at the volume of water used at Chicago. Claims that it is menacing Hydro.

Ontario Rifle Association conducts its competition at Long Branch and prizes are presented by the president, Col. Gooderham.

MONDAY.

Empire Forestry delegates start on tour of Ontario.

Danger lies in French attitude to continuance of Entente.

Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen completes tour of Maritime Provinces.

Increase in net debt of Canada for July reported by Finance Department.

Willys-Overland held to 1-1 tie in Ontario Cup game by London Maple Leafs.

Samuel V. Blake, son of the late Hon. Edward Blake, K.C., dies in London.

A renewed demand from English importers for butter is apparent at Montreal.

Freight car checker killed at St. Thomas when he steps into path of locomotive.

Cattlemen in middle western States want tariff against Canadian feeder cattle removed.

McGill University cricketers defeat Toronto C. C. in final for Canadian championship.

Several Hamilton people injured when sedan plunges over embankment near Guelph.

Australia eliminates Japan from the Davis Cup series and meets France in final round.

Seeds!

SEE ME FOR

Timothy No. 1, Red Clover, (local and imported.) Alfalfa, (local and Northern Gold,) Alsike, and all kinds of Flour and Feed.

Frost Fencing and Gates always on hand.

FRED. A. PERRY,
Dundas Street,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO.
Opposite Campbell House.

Element protected

—by grid or nested lids

This is the only electric range having the glowing element protected against contact with utensils.

The element lasts longer.

Nested lids permit the use of small utensils without wasting heat.

A complete set is supplied with every range.

The new National Electric burner is a complete change from all former types, and establishes a new standard of efficiency. The conical element in the insulated, porcelain bowl concentrates the heat, making for speed, economy and, consequently, the most economical electric range.

National Electric dealers are now demonstrating this wonderful Electric Range that concentrates the heat. Do not fail to see it.

SOME RESULTS FROM THE NEW element

—Boils a quart of water in less than any other type of equal current.

—Even heat

—Cone element can be removed in half a minute

—Food boiling over doesn't touch element.

—Bowl and element protected

—For quickest, surest, economical and most convenient service you must have the National Electric Range.

National ELECTRIC RANGE

FOR SALE AT

VINE'S ELECTRIC SHOP

MARKET SQUARE 'Phone 367 NAPANEE, ONT.

The New OVERLAND Blue Bird

Has won Immediate Public Favor

Never before in Canada has a car had such a reception. The Blue Bird has stepped into immediate popularity—and rightly.

For this new Overland is not only the most satisfying Overland ever produced—but we believe it represents value that nobody on wheels can approach.

Powered with the same motor that won such fame for the Overlands of last year, the new car is much roomier—with 106-inch wheel base and ample legroom.

The doors are full 23 inches in width, the seats are wide; cushions deep; the appointments rich and complete in every detail; cord tires all round; barrel headlights. The ingenious Triplex Springs kill jolt, jounce and side sway.

Finished in the most beautiful and distinctive of shades, Blue Bird Blue.

Touring Car only, $985 f.o.b. Toronto, Taxes Extra

PAUL'S GARAGE, NAPANEE, ONTARIO

To Succeed Viviani.

PARIS, Aug. 13.—Senator Albert Lebrun has been asked by Premier Poincare, according to a Nancy newspaper, to succeed M. Viviani as France's delegate to the League of Nations.

Seeks Reprieve for Murderer.

LONDON, Aug. 13.— There were 50,000 signatures to the petitions to the Home Secretary for the reprieve of Alexander Campbell Mason, sentenced to be hanged on August 15 for the murder of Jacob Dickey, the Brixton taxicab driver. On the strength of this petition the Home Secretary has recommended the commutation of Mason's sentence to penal servitude for life.

The REFUGEES

By A. CONAN DOYLE,
Author of "The Return of Sherlock Holmes"

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"Pah! Canaille!" She glanced at the knot of Switzers, whose sergeant had drawn them off a few paces and who stood open eyed, staring at the scene. "I tell you that I will see the king."

"You will ruin me if you pass."

"And none the less I shall do so."

The matter looked serious. De Catinat was a man of resource, but for once he was at his wits' end. Mme. de Montespan's resolution, as it was called in her presence, or effrontery, as it was termed behind her back, was prohibitive. If she attempted to force her way, would he venture to use violence upon one who only yesterday held the fortunes of the whole court in the hollow of her hand and who, with her beauty, her wit and her energy, might very well be in the same position tomorrow? If she passed him, then his future was ruined with the king, who never brooked the smallest deviation from his orders.

"If madame would deign to wait," said he soothingly, "the king will be on his way to the chapel in an instant."

"It is not yet time."

"I think the hour has just gone."

"And why should I wait like a hackey?"

"It is but a moment, madame."

"No, I shall not wait." She took a step forwardstoward the door.

But the guardsman's quick ear had caught the sound of moving feet from within, and he knew that he was master of the situation. "I will take madame's message," said he.

"Ah, you have recovered your senses! Go, tell the king that I wish to speak with him."

He must gain a little time yet. "Shall I say it through the lord in waiting?"

"No; yourself."

"Publicly?"

"No, no; for his private ear."

He stipped in front of her.

"Shall I give a reason for your request?"

"Oh, you madden me! Say what I have told you, and at once."

But the young officer's dilemma was happily over. At that instant the double doors were swung open, and Louis appeared in the opening, striding forward on his high heeled shoes, his stick tapping, his broad skirts flapping and his courtiers spreading out behind him. He stopped as he came out and turned to the captain of the guard.

"You have a note for me?"

"Yes, sire."

The monarch slipped it into the pocket of his scarlet undervest and was advancing once more when his eyes fell upon Mme. de Montespan standing very stiff and erect in the middle of the passage. A dark flush of anger shot to his brow and he walked swiftly past her without a word, but she turned and kept pace with him down the corridor.

"I had not expected this honor, madame," said he.

"I wished to hear my fate from your own lips," she whispered. "I can bear to be struck myself, sire, even by him who has my heart, but it is hard to bear that one's brother has been wounded through the mouths of valets and Huguenot soldiers for no fault of his save that his sister has loved too fondly."

"It is no time to speak of such things."

"When can I see you, then, sire?"

"In your chamber at 4."

"Then I shall trouble your majesty no further."

She swept him one of the graceful courtesies for which she was famous, and turned away down a side passage with triumph shining in her eyes.

CHAPTER IV.

LOUIS had walked on to his devotions in no very charitable frame of mind, as was easily to be seen from his clouded brow and compressed lips. He knew his late favorite well, her impulsiveness, her audacity, her lack of all restraint when thwarted or opposed. She was capable of making a hideous scandal, of turning against him that bitter tongue which had so often made him laugh at the expense of others, perhaps even of making some public exposure which would leave him the butt and gossip of Europe. He shuddered at the thought. At all costs such a catastrophe must be averted. And yet how could he cut the tie which bound them? This woman would struggle hard, fight to the bitter end, before she would quit the position which was so dear to her. She spoke of her wrongs. What were her wrongs?

In his intense selfishness, nurtured by the eternal flattery which was the very air he breathed, he could not see that the fifteen years of her life which he had absorbed or the loss of the husband whom he had supplanted gave her any claim upon him. In his view he had raised her to the highest position which a subject could occupy.

Now he was weary of her, and it was her duty to retire with resignation—nay, even with gratitude for past favors. She should have a pension, and the children should be reared. What could a reasonable woman ask for more?

On the whole, his conscience acquitted him. But in this one matter he had been lax. From the coming of his gentle and forgiving young wife from Spain he had never once permitted her to be without a rival. Now that she was dead the matter was no better. One favorite had succeeded another, and if De Montespan had held her own so long it was rather from her audacity than from his affection. But now Father la Chaise and Bossuet were ever reminding him that he had topped the summit of his life and was already upon that downward path which leads to the grave. The time had come for gravity and for calm, neither of which was to be expected in the company of Mme. de Montespan.

But he had found out where they were to be enjoyed. From the day Mme. De Montespan had introduced the stately and silent widow as a governess for his children he had found never failing and ever increasing pleasure in her society. For a time he had thought that her piety and her talk of principle might be a mere mask, for he was accustomed to hypocrisy all around him. It was surely unlikely that a woman who was still beautiful, with as bright an eye and as graceful a figure as any in his court, could after a life spent in the gayest circles preserve the spirit of a nun. But on this point he was soon undeceived, for when his own language had become warmer than that of friendship he had been met by an iciness of manner and a brevity of speech which had shown him that there was one woman at least in his dominions who had a higher respect for herself than for him. And perhaps it was better so. The placid pleasures of friendship were very soothing after the storms of passion. To sit in her room every afternoon, to listen to talk which was not tainted with flattery and to hear opinions which were not framed to please his ear were the occupations now of his happiest hours. And then her influence over him was all for good.

And now he knew that the time had come when he must choose between her and De Montespan. Their influences were antagonistic. They could not continue together. He stood between virtue and vice, and he must choose.

Such were the thoughts which ran through the king's head as he bent over the rich crimson cushion which topped his prie dieu of oak. And he knelt in his own inclosure to the right of the altar, with his guards and his immediate household around him, while the court, ladies and cavaliers, filled the chapel. Piety and gallantry, soldier like dark overcoats and lace cravats and no courtier was so worldly minded as not to have had a touch of grace since the king had taken to religion.

It was the habit of Louis as he walked back from the chapel to receive petitions or to listen to any tales of wrong which his subjects might bring to him. On this particular morning there were but two or three—a Parisian who conceived himself injured by the provost of his guild, a peasant whose cow had been torn by a huntsman's dog and a lady whose son had had hard usage from his feudal lord. A few questions and then a hurried order to his secretary disposed of each case. He was about to resume his way again when an elderly man, clad in the garb of a respectable citizen and with a strong, deep lined face which marked him as a man of character, darted forward and threw himself down upon one knee in front of the monarch.

"What is this?" asked Louis. "Who are you, and what is it that you want?"

"I am a citizen of Paris, and I have been cruelly wronged."

"You seem a very worthy person. If you have indeed been wronged you shall have redress. What have you to complain of?"

"Twenty of the Blue dragoons of Langedoc are quartered in my house, with Captain Dalbert at their head. They have devoured my food, stolen my property and beaten my servants, but the magistrates will give me no redress."

"On my life, justice seems to be administered in a strange fashion in our city of Paris!" exclaimed the king.

"And yet there may be a very good reason for it," suggested Pere la Chaise. "I would suggest that your majesty should ask this man his name, his business and why it was that the dragoons were quartered upon him."

"You hear the reverend father's question."

"My name, sire, is Catinat, by trade I am a merchant in cloth, and I am treated in this fashion because I am of the Reformed church."

The king shook his head and his brow darkened. "You have only yourself to thank, then. The remedy is in your hands."

"And how, sire?"

"By embracing the only true faith."

"I am already a member of it, sire."

The king stamped his foot angrily. "I can see that you are a very insolent heretic," said he. "There is but one church in France, and that is my church. If you are outside that you cannot look to me for aid."

"My creed is that of my father, sire, and that of my grandfather."

"If they have sinned it is no reason why you should. My own grandfather erred also before his eyes were opened."

"But he sobly atoned for his error," murmured the Jesuit.

"Then you will not help me, sire?"

"You must first help yourself."

The old Huguenot stood up with a gesture of despair, while the king continued on his way, the two ecclesiastics on either side of him murmuring their approval into his ears.

But the king bore the face of a man who was not absolutely satisfied with his own action.

"If you do not think, then, that these people have too hard a measure?" said he. "I hear that they are leaving my kingdom in great numbers."

"And surely it is better so, sire, for what blessing can come upon a country which has such stubborn infidels within its boundaries?"

"Those who are traitors to God can scarce be loyal to the king," remarked Bossuet. "Your majesty's power would be greater if there were no temple, as they call their dens of heresy, within your dominions."

"My grandfather has promised them protection. They are shielded, as you well know, by the edict which he gave at Nantes."

"But it lies with your majesty to undo the mischief that has been done."

"And how?"

"By recalling the edict."

"And driving into the open arms of my enemies 2,000,000 of my best artisans and of my bravest servants. How say you, Louvois?"

"With all respect to the church, sire, I would say that the devil has given these men such cunning of hand and of brain that they are the best workers and traders in your majesty's kingdom. I know not how the state coffers are to be filled if such taxpayers go from among us."

"But," remarked Bossuet, "if it were once known that the king's will had been expressed your majesty may rest assured that even the worst of his subjects bear him such love that they would hasten to come within the pale of the holy church."

The king shook his head. "They have always been stubborn folk," said he.

"Perhaps," remarked Louvois, glancing maliciously at Bossuet, "were the bishops of France to make an offering to the state of the treasures of their sees we might then do without these Huguenot taxes."

"The kingdom is mine and all that is in it," remarked Louis as they entered the grand salon in which the court assembled after chapel, "yet I trust that it may be long before I have to claim wealth of the church. Where is Monsard? I would see his plans for the new wing at Marly."

"I think," said Pere la Chaise, drawing Bossuet aside, "that your grace has made some impression upon the king's mind."

"With your powerful assistance, father."

"But there is another who has more weight than I—Mme. de Maintenon."

"I hear that she is very devout."

"Very. But she has no love for my order. She is a Sulpician. Yet we may all work to one end. Now, if you were to speak to her, your grace. Show her how good a service it would be could she bring about the banishment of the Huguenots."

"I shall do so."

"And offer her in return that we will promote"— He bent forward and whispered into the prelate's ear.

"What! He would not do it."

"And why? The queen is dead."

"The widow of the poet Scarron!"

"She is of good birth. Her grandfather and his were dear friends. If she will serve the church, the church will serve her. But the king beckons, and I must go."

The thin dark figure hastened on through the throng of courtiers, and the great bishop of Meaux remained standing with his chin upon his breast, sunk in reflection.

CHAPTER V.

THE elderly Huguenot had stood silent after his repulse by the king, with his eyes cast moodily downward and a face in which doubt, sorrow and anger contended for the mastery. He was a very large, gaunt man, rawboned and haggard, with a wide forehead, a large, fleshy nose and a powerful chin. He was dressed as became his rank, plainly and yet well, in a sad colored brown kersey coat with silver plated buttons, knee breeches of the same and white woolen stockings, ending in broad toed black leather shoes cut across with a great steel buckle.

His doubts as to what his next step should be were soon resolved for him in a very summary fashion. These were days when, if the Huguenot was not absolutely forbidden in France, he was at least looked upon as a man who existed upon sufferance, and who was considered by the laws which protected the Catholic fellow subjects. For twenty years the stringency of the persecution had increased until there was no weapon which bigotry could employ, short of absolute expulsion, which had not been turned against him.

Two of the king's big blue coated guardsmen were on duty at that side of the palace and had been witnesses to his unsuccessful appeal. Now they trampled across together to where he was standing and broke brutally into the current of his thoughts.

"Now, Hymbocher," said one gruffly, "get off again about your business."

The old Huguenot shot a glance of anger and contempt at them and was turning to go when one of them thrust at him rifle with the butt end of his halberd.

"Take that, you dog!" he cried. "Would you dare to look like that at the king's guard?"

"Children of Belial!" cried the old man, with his hand pressed to his side, "were I twenty years younger you would not have dared to use me so."

"Ha, you would still spit your venom, would you? That is enough, Andre! He has threatened the king's guard. Let us seize him and drag him to the guardroom."

The two soldiers dropped their halberds and rushed upon the old man, but, tall and strong as they were, they found it no easy matter to secure him. They had hardly won their pitiful victory, however, before a stern voice and a sword rattling before their eyes compelled them to release their prisoner once more.

It was Captain de Catinat, who, his morning duties over, had strolled out on the terrace and had come upon this sudden scene of outrage. At the sight of the old man's face he gave a violent start and, drawing his sword, had rushed forward with such fury that the two guardsmen not only dropped their victim, but, staggering back from the threatening sword point, one of them slipped and the other rolled over him, a struggling mass of blue coat and white kersey.

"Villains!" roared De Catinat. "What is the meaning of this?"

The two had stumbled to their feet again, very disordered and rumpled.

"If you please, captain," said one, saluting, "this is a Huguenot who abused the royal guard."

His petition had been rejected by the king, captain, and yet he refused to go."

De Catinat was white with fury. "And so when a French citizen has come to have a word with the king master of his country he must be harassed by your Swiss dogs like you?" he cried. "By my faith, we shall soon see about that!"

He drew a little silver whistle from his pocket, and at the shrill summons an old sergeant and half a dozen soldiers came running from the guardroom.

"Sergeant, you will arrest these men."

"Certainly, captain," said the sergeant.

"And they are tried today for assaulting an aged and respected citizen who had come on business to the king."

"He was a Huguenot on his own confession," cried the culprits together.

"Hum!" The sergeant pulled doubtfully at his long mustache. "Shall we put the charge in that form, captain? Just as the captain pleases."

"No," said De Catinat, with a sudden happy thought, "I charge them with laying their halberds down while on duty and with having their uniforms dirty and disarranged."

"That is better," answered the sergeant, with the freedom of a privileged veteran. "Thunder of God, but you have disgraced the guards! An hour on the wooden horse with a musket at either foot may teach you that halberds were made for a soldier's hand and not for the king's grasspiot."

The Huguenot had stood in the background, grave and composed, without any sign of exultation, during this sudden reversal of fortune, which gave the soldiers more gone he and the young officer turned warmly upon each other.

"Amory, I had not hoped to see you!"

"Nor I you, uncle. What in the name of wodder brings you to Versailles?"

"My wrongs, Amory. The hand of the wicked is heavy upon us, and whom can we turn to save only the king?"

The young officer shook his head. "The king is at heart a good man," said he. "But he can only see the world through the glasses which are held before his eyes. You have nothing to hope from him."

"He spurned me from his presence."

"Did he ask you your name?"

"He did, and I gave it."

The young guardsman whistled. "Let us walk to the gate," said he. "By my faith, if my kinsmen are to come and bandy arguments with the king it may not be long before my company finds itself without its captain. What is amiss?"

"Twenty men of Mosb have been quartered upon me, with one Dalbert, their captain, who has long been a scourge to Israel."

"Captain Claude Dalbert of the Languedoc dragoons? I have already some small score to settle with him. What has he done?"

"His men are over my house like moths in a cloth bale. No place is free from them. He sits in the room which should be mine, his great boots on my Spanish leather chairs, his pipe in his mouth, his wine pot at his elbow and his talk blaming and an abomination. He has beaten old Pierre of the warehouse and thrust me into the cellar."

"Ha!"

"Because I have dragged him back when in his drunken love he would have thrown his arms about your cousin Adele."

"Oh!" The young man's color had been rising and his brows knitting at each successive charge, but at this last his anger boiled over, and he hurried forward with fury in his face, dragging his elderly companion by the elbow.

"How did you come, uncle?"

"In a caleche."

"Where is it?"

"That is it, beyond the auberge."

"Come, let us make for it."

"And you, Amory, are you coming?"

"My faith, it is time that I came, from what you tell me. There is room for a man with a sword at his side in this establishment of yours."

"But what would you do?"

"I would have a word with this Captain Dalbert. Ha, here comes our caleche! Whip up, driver, and 5 livres to you if you pass the gate of the Invalides within the hour."

It was no light matter to drive fast in an age of springless carriages and deeply rutted roads, but the driver lashed at his two rough, unclipped horses, and the caleche jolted and clattered upon its way.

"When was all this?" asked the guardsman.

"It was yesterday night."

"And where is Adele now?"

"She is at home."

"And this Dalbert?"

"Oh, he is there also!"

"What! You have left her in his power while you came away to Versailles?"

"She is locked in her room."

"Pah! What is a lock?" The young man raved with his hands in the air at the thought of his own impotence.

"And Pierre is there."

"He is useless."

"And Amos Green."

"Ah, that is better. He is a man by the look of him."

"His mother was one of our own folk from Staten Island, near Manhattan. She was one of those scattered lambs who fled awy before the wolves when first it was seen that the king's hand waxed heavily upon Israel. He speaks French, and yet he is neither French to the eye nor are his ways like our ways."

"And you have left him in the house?"

"Yes; he was sat with this Dalbert, smoking with him and telling him strange tales."

"What guard could be be—he a stranger in a strange land? You did ill to leave Adele thus, uncle."

"She is in God's hands, Amory."

"I trust so. Oh, I am on fire to be there!"

Soon, as the road curved down to the river bank, the city wall grew nearer and nearer until they had passed the southern gate and were rattling over the stony causeway, leaving the broad Luxembourg upon their right and Colbert's last work, the Invalides, upon their left. The young officer had his head still thrust out of the window, but his view was obscured by a broad gilded carriage which lumbered heavily along in front of them. As the road broadened, however, it swerved to one side, and he was able to catch a glimpse of the Catinat house.

It was surrounded on every side by an immense crowd.

The house of the Huguenot merchant was a tall, narrow building, standing at the corner of the Rue St. Martin and the Rue des Bilmes. It was four stories in height, grim and grave like its owner, with high peaked roof, long diamond paned windows, a framework of black wood, with gray plaster filling the interstices, and five stone steps which led up to the narrow and somber door. The upper story was but a warehouse, in which the trader kept his stock, but the second and third were furnished with balconies edged with stout wooden balustrades. As the uncle and the nephew sprang out of the caleche they found themselves upon the outskirts of a dense crowd of people, who were swaying and tossing with excitement, their chins all thrown forward and their gaze directed upward. Following their eyes, the young officer saw a sight which left him standing bereft of every sensation save amazement.

From the upper balcony there was hanging head downward a man clad

"Pull me up, son of the devil, pull me up!" he screamed.

in the bright blue coat and white breeches of one of the king's dragoons. His hat and wig had dropped off, and his close cropped head swung slowly backward and forward a good fifty feet above the pavement. His voice resounded over the whole place until the air was filled with his screams for mercy.

Above him at the corner of the balcony there stood a young man who leaned with a bent back over the balustrade and who held the dangling dragoon by either ankle. His face, however, was not directed toward his victim, but was half turned over his shoulder to confront a group of soldiers who were clustering at the open window which opened out into the balcony.

Suddenly the crowd gave a groan of excitement. The young man had released his grip upon one of the ankles, and the dragoon hung now by one only, his other leg flapping helplessly in the air.

"Pull me up, son of the devil, pull me up!" he screamed. "Would you murder me, then? Help, good people, help!"

"Do you want to come up, captain?" said the strong, clear voice of the young man above him, speaking excellent French.

"Yes, sacred name of God, yes!"

"Order off your men, then."

"A way, you dolts, you imbeciles! Do you wish to see me dashed to pieces? Away, I say! Off with you!"

"That is better," said the youth when the soldiers had vanished from the window. He gave a tug at the dragoon's leg as he spoke, which jerked him up so far that he could twist round and catch hold of the lower edge of the balcony. "How do you find yourself now?" he asked.

"Let me up, sir; let me up!"

"All in good time. I fear that it is inconvenient to you to talk with your heels in the air. I am going to pull you up, but only on conditions."

"Oh, they are granted! I am slipping!"

"You will leave this house—you and your men. You will not trouble this old man or the young girl any further. Do you promise?"

"Oh, yes; we shall go! Only pull me up!"

"Not so fast. It may be easier to talk to you like this. I do not know how the laws are over here. Maybe this sort of thing is not perr-itted. You will promise me that I shall have no trouble over the matter."

"None, none. Only pull me up!"

"Very good. Come along."

He dragged at the dragoon's leg, while the other gripped his way up the balustrade until amid a buzz of congratulation from the crowd he tumbled all in a heap over the rail on to the balcony, where he lay for a few moments as he had fallen. Then, staggering to his feet, without a glance at his opponent, he had pushed his way through the crowd with such vigor that he and his companion had nearly reached the bottom of the steps. The uniform of the king's guard was in itself a passport anywhere, and the face of old Catinat was so well known in the district that every one drew back to make a path for him toward the house. The door was flung open for them, and an old servant stood wringing his hands in the dark passage.

"Oh, master! Oh, master!" he cried. "Such doings! Such infamy!"

As he spoke a clatter and shouting which had burst out again upstairs ended suddenly in a tremendous crash, with volleys of oaths and a prolonged bumping and smashing, which shook the old house to its foundations. The soldier and the Huguenot rushed swiftly up the first flight of stairs and were about to ascend the second one, from the head of which the uproar seemed to proceed, when four men, so locked together that they formed but one rolling bundle, came thudding down amid a debris of splintered stair rails and writhed and struggled upon the landing, staggering up, falling down, and all breathing together like the wind in a chimney. They tried and they strove before they that it was hard to pick one from the other save that the innermost was clad in black Flemish cloth, while the three who clung to him were soldiers of the king. Yet so strong and vigorous was the man whom they tried to hold that as often as he could find his feet he dragged them after him from end to end of the passage, as a bear will pull the cubs which had fastened on to his haunches. An officer, who had rushed down at the heels of the brawlers, thrust his hands in to catch the civilian by the throat, but he whipped fellow back again with an oath as the man's strong white teeth met in his left thumb. Clapping the wound to his mouth, he flashed out his sword and was about to drive it through the body of his unarmed opponent when De Catinat sprang forward and caught him by the wrist.

"You villain, Dalbert!" he cried.

The sudden appearance of one of the king's own bodyguard had a magic effect upon the brawlers. Dalbert sprang back, with his thumb still in his mouth and his sword drooping, scowling darkly at the newcomer. His troopers had released their victim and stood panting in a line, while the young man leaned against the wall, brushing the dust from his black coat.

"I had a little account to settle with you before, Dalbert," said De Catinat, unsheathing his rapier. "Your sword, sir."

"I have no quarrel with you."

"Nay?" De Catinat stepped forward and struck him across the face with his open hand. "It seems to me that you have one now," said he.

"Hell and furies!" screamed the captain. "To your arms, men! Hola, there, from above! Cut down this fellow and seize your prisoner! Hola! in the king's name!"

At his call a dozen more troopers came hurrying down the stairs, while the three upon the landing advanced upon their former antagonist. He slipped by them, however, and caught out of the old merchant's hand the thick oak stick.

"I am with you, sir," said he, taking his place beside the guardsman.

"Call off your canaille and fight me like a gentleman," cried De Catinat.

"A gentleman! Hark to the bourgeois Huguenot, whose family peddles cloth!"

"You coward. I will write liar on you with my sword point!"

He sprang forward and sent in a thrust which might have found its way to Dalbert's heart had the heavy saber of a dragoon not descended from the side and shorn his more delicate weapon off close to the hilt. At a shout of triumph his enemy sprang furiously upon him with his rapier shortened, but was met by a sharp blow from the cudgel of the young stranger which sent it flying weapon flinking on to the ground. A trooper, however, on the stair had pulled out a pistol and, clapping it within a foot of the guardsman's head, was about to settle the combat, once and forever when a little old gentleman who had quietly ascended from the street and who had been looking on with an amused and interested smile at this deep sequence of events took a sudden quick step forward and ordered all parties to drop their weapons with a voice so decided, so stern and so full of authority that the saber paints, all clinked down together upon the parquet flooring as though it were a part of their daily drill.

"Upon my word, gentlemen, upon my word!" he said, looking sternly from one to the other. In his gait and bearing he had a dainty strut and backward cock of the head, which, taken with his sharp black eyes, his high, thin features and his assured manner, would impress a stranger with the feeling that this was a man of power. And, indeed, in France or out of it there were few to whom this man's name was not familiar, for in all France the only figure which loomed up as large as that of the king was this very little gentleman who stood here with gold snuffbox in one hand and deep laced handkerchief in the other, upon the lending of the Huguenot's house, for who was there who did not know the last of the great French nobles, the bravest of French captains, the beloved Conde, victor of Rocroy and hero of the Fronde?

(To be continued.)

ONE 50c BOX BROUGHT HEALTH

Years of Constipation Ended By "Fruit-a-tives"

The Wonderful Fruit Medicine

Anyone who suffers with miserable headaches is tortured with Headaches; and who is unable to get any real pleasure out of life; will be interested in this letter of Mrs. Martha de Wolfe of East Ship Harbor, N.S.

Mrs. de Wolfe says, "For years I was a dreadful sufferer from Constipation and Headaches and I was miserable in every way. Nothing in the way of medicine seemed to help me. Then I tried "Fruit-a-tives" and the effect was splendid; and after taking only one box, I was completely relieved and now feel like a new person"

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

After Every Meal

A universal custom that benefits everybody. Aids digestion, cleanses the teeth, soothes the throat.

WRIGLEY'S

A good thing to remember

Sealed in its Purity Package

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT PEPPERMINT CHEWING GUM

THE FLAVOR LASTS

GET IT AT WALLACE'S

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

E. J. POLLARD,
Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

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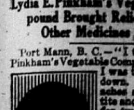
WEAK, RUN DOWN AND AILING

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Brought Relief When Other Medicines Failed

Port Mann, B. C.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound because



I was tired and rundown. I had headaches and no appetite and was troubled for two years with sleeplessness. I tried many medicines, but nothing did me any real good. While I was writing to Washington I was recommended by a neighbor to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I am stronger and feel fine since then and am able to do my housework. You are at liberty to use these facts as a testimonial."—Mrs. J. C. GREAVES, Port Mann, B. C.

Feels New Life and Strength

Keene, N. H.—"I was weak and rundown and had headache and all sorts of troubles which women have. I found great relief when taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I also used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash. I am able to do my work and feel new life and strength from the Vegetable Compound. I am doing all I can to advertise it."—Mrs. A. F. HAMMOND, 72 Carpenter Street, Keene, N.H.

Sick and ailing women everywhere in the Dominion should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. C

WERE GREAT RACE.

Vikings Properly Take High Place in History.

Remains of two Viking cities have just been discovered, Swedish dispatches state, on the shores of the Scandinavian peninsula.

"Many persons pigeonhole the Vikings along with Captain Kidd and Blackbeard as nothing more than pirates," says a bulletin from the headquarters of the National Geographic Society. But this is no more nearly true than some of our other easy generalizations about people we do not know.

The Vikings had among them merchants, explorers, lawgivers and litterateurs, as well as guerrilla sea rovers. And if they must be branded a nation of robbers, it might as well be recognized that we are discussing family affairs, opening the closet to examine our own private skeletons, as it were,—for under the name of Goth, Northman and Norman, they poured blood into and contributed traits to the people of almost every country of western and southern Europe.

Especially is British stock indebted to Viking blood. It came early from their kinsmen, the Angles and Saxons; it came through Viking colonies in Scotland and Ireland, it came directly by invasion in the time of Canute, and finally came the important contribution of the Normans, Vikings once removed.

The Vikings were distinctly products of their geographic environment. They may be considered Germans who were made over by the more northern winter and led to the sea by the fiords and islands of Scandinavia. Their boats became to them what horses are to the Cossack or camels to the desert dweller. The race in which some of the young bloods engaged were not piracy under the morality of the day, which made one's enemies fair marks for plunder.

Americans should feel sympathetic toward the Vikings, for they were in many ways, both desirable and undesirable, the Yankees of their age. Restless and energetic, votaries of the adventurous life, lovers of adventure, they travelled for the love of travel but sought wealth, whether in merchandise or war craft, for the love of the seeking. They loved their politics and enjoyed the debates of the Althing as fully as the fights in which their feasts often broke up. They were ardent outdoor-sports enthusiasts, engaged in skiing, snowshoeing and sledding in the winter, and staged wrestling, running and jumping matches in the warmer seasons. They even had their national ball game, a sort of hybrid between hockey and lacrosse.

A little imagination might serve to equip the Vikings with being a couple of such modern devices as pure food laws, the carbon copies of our business world and ship subsidies. The old Viking law announces that it shall be legal to sell "sand or shavings for milk or butter." Viking merchants cracked their wares from on board their boats by notches on tally sticks, and then ingeniously "screwed" both buyers' and sellers' records for their "pipe" by splitting the stick.

Lord Canute was the Viking champion of an especially appealing ship enthusiast—he declared that any merchant who made three voyages overseas at his own expense should be ennobled.

Changes on the Earth.

If the ancient Greeks could revisit the earth they would hardly recognize their beautiful country, if the statements made by one authority can be sustained. Attica has lost the greater part of its forests, the rainfall has decreased and the temperature has increased. The heat in the open air now, it is contended, is so great that the Olympian games of antiquity would be virtually impossible today. Many other parts of the earth show similar changes. The once beautiful oasis in the Syrian desert, where Zenobia reigned over Palmyra, is now a desolate waste. In Upper Egypt, where only a hundred years ago rain was abundant, drought now usually prevails.

Bore Him Out.

An English professor and his young assistant had been off on a long hunting trip and they were telling, or rather the professor was telling, about their wonderful adventures. At one point, where the long bow was being drawn, some of the hearers expressed skepticism, whereupon the professor said: "I assure you, gentlemen, that I am stating the truth. My young friend Whibley will bear me out." "Certainly!" replied Whibley, "but young men bore Ananias out."—Boston Transcript.

The River Jordan.

The river Jordan has an average fall of fifteen feet to the mile, and it name means the Descender.

RIDDING HOGS OF LICE

Keep the Colony House and Swine Vermin Free.

Crude Oil Will Bring Certain Relief —Protecting the Farm Well and Its Water From Contamination —Shade and Fresh Water Aid Pork Production.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

Vermin cause considerable annoyance to swine, and their presence in large numbers is destructive to profits. If the swine have a good wallow hole they can free themselves of the pest during the summer, but without the assistance of a wallow, some other aid must be given or the lice will flourish. The pigs will be annoyed and the fences and pens racked through the rubbing of the swine in their attempt to free themselves from their tormentors.

Crude Oil Will Bring Relief.

The application of crude oil to the pig's skin will make the lice let go. The crude oil may be applied through the use of a rubbing post equipped to deliver oil when the pig rubs against it, or it may be applied with an oil can in the hands of a handy man. If an oil can is used, the spout is drawn along the pig's back from the ears to the tail and sufficient oil released to moisten the pig's skin all over. A good time to apply oil is when the pigs are standing at the feed trough.

Colony houses should be well sprayed with a two per cent. solution of creolin in the autumn and again in the spring.—L. Stevenson, Director of Extension, O.A.C., Guelph.

KEEP WELL WATER PURE.

How the Contamination of Farm Wells Can be Removed.

There are thousands of shallow wells and cisterns on farms that are poorly protected against contamination. Most of them are poorly protected by boards with cracks between them that allow the surface drainage and filth to get in. A good concrete top that will protect the water supply can be made by anyone with only a little effort and at a small expense. It only takes one sack of cement, two cubic feet of sand, and three and a half cubic feet of screened gravel to make a circular top four feet in diameter and four inches thick.

The shape of the top would depend on the well, its location and the taste of the owner. If it is to be circular, lay out a circle on a smooth, level piece of the ground, the exact size of the top desired. Carefully excavate inside the circle to a depth of four inches, this to be the form and is much more easily constructed than one of wood. Cut out a cylindrical block of wood and place where the the pump pipe will pass through. Provide four bolts to fasten the base of the pump to concrete top, and pieces of woven wire for reinforcing across and two pieces of smooth wire for the edge of the top.

How to Handle the Concrete.

Provide a platform and mix the concrete to a quaky consistency, not too wet. Use a proportion of one sack of cement to two cubic feet of sand and three and a half cubic feet of screened gravel or crushed rock. Sprinkle the form so it will not absorb much moisture from the concrete, fill the form about half full of concrete, place the reinforcing and set the bolts, and then fill the form with concrete. Finish the surface so that it is slightly higher where the pump will be placed and with a slight slope to one side so that no water will drain back into the well.

To cure or season the top, after the concrete sets, cover with a layer of sand and keep wet for a week or ten days. After about two weeks it may be taken out and set in place on the curb. Where the curb is watertight below the ground surface and it extends a foot or eighteen inches above the surface with a concrete top such as described, the danger of surface contamination will be reduced to a minimum.

How to Purify the Water.

If the water is offensive to sight, smell or taste, it is in all probability unsafe, or at least highly objectionable, for domestic use. In such cases boiling all the water required for drinking purposes is a great safeguard, for it will kill any disease germs that may be present, but it will not make the water a good one. Half a small teaspoonful of hypochlorite (chloride of lime), rubbed up with a little water and well stirred into a barrel of the water, is another precaution for the destruction of germ life, that is nowadays advocated. But a water impure from the presence of excretal matter is not to be recommended, even when one of other of these precautions is carefully carried out.

Fresh Water and Shade Aid Pork Production.

Good live stock men agree that plenty of fresh water and shade are important factors in the successful propuction of pork. Hogs will drink often if water is available. Water helps digestion and promotes fat production. A mineral mixture of charcoal, hard wood ashes, air slacked lime or ground limestone and salt in front of the hogs wills keep them in better tone.

If a herd of good cows could speak, it is quite likely they would claim as theirs the farm which they so nearly paid for.

Cows need an abundance of fresh air, but it is unnecessary to expose them to the north side of a barb-wire fence during cold and inclement weather in order to get it. Cow comfort demands that fresh air be brought into a warm and well lighted barn. A warm barn may contain pure air and a cold barn may have impure and vitiated air.

Three-Coat Cold.

A "three-coat cold day" is a Chinese expression for severe cold. Some of our tramps and ragpickers know what it is to wear three coats or three trousers, and three hats; but that has nothing to do with the temperature. They have no homes and must carry all their belongings on their backs like a snail. The trouble is they sometimes carry other people's belongings, too. China contains vast coal deposits, almost unworked, however, and the Chinese pile on coats instead of coal on cold days.

A GOOD WINTER WHEAT

Farmers May Try Free a Well Tested Variety.

The O. A. C. No. 104 Is a Proven Success — Other Experimental Tests Suggested—All Material Is Supplied Free of Charge—A Chance for Enterprising Farmers.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

The market value of the winter wheat of Ontario amounts to over fifteen million dollars annually. It is, therefore, one of the most important of the money crops of the Province. The acreage of winter wheat during the past year has been about the same as the average annual acreage for the past forty years. There is not a county or district in Ontario in which winter wheat is not grown, although in New Ontario the average annual amount is not more than about 20,000 bushels. Owing to the comparative low price of winter wheat at present, strict attention should be given to economic methods and to large yields.

O. A. C. No. 104 a Carefully Chosen Cross.

The Dawson's Golden Chaff is still the variety most largely grown according to the December Bulletin of the Ontario Department of Agriculture for 1922. With the object of securing even a better variety, crosses have been made at the Ontario Agricultural College between the Dawson's Golden Chaff and some other varieties, such as, Tasmania Red, Crimean Red, Turkey Red, Buda Pesth, Imperial Amber, and Bulgarian. A new variety has been originated at the College by crossing the Dawson's Golden Chaff and the Bulgarian, and this is now known as the O. A. C. No. 104. In both the College and the co-operative tests this new variety has made an excellent record, surpassing the Dawson's Golden Chaff in both yield and quality of grain. It is a white wheat, and resembles the Bulgarian in possessing a white chaff and the Dawson's Golden Chaff in a beardless head. It is a vigorous grower, and has been less subject to winter-killing than the Dawson's Golden Chaff.

The Value of Using Good Seed.

It is also important to use seed of high quality. The results of six years' experiments at the College show an average increase in yield of grain per acre of 6.8 bushels from large as compared with small seed, of 7.8 bushels from plump as compared with shrunken seed, and of 35.6 bushels from sound as compared with broken seed. Seed which was allowed to become thoroughly ripened before it was cut produced a greater yield of both grain and straw, and a heavier weight of grain per measured bushel than that produced from wheat which was cut at any one of four earlier stages of maturity. In each of two years when winter wheat was sprouted in the fields, germination tests of the grain were made. The following results show the average percentage of germination from each selection: Skin over germ, unbroken, 94; skin over germ, broken, 76; sprouts one-quarter inch long, 59; and sprouts one inch long, 18. Not only was the sprouted wheat low in germination but the plants produced were very uneven in size.

White Wheats vs. the Red Varieties.

White wheats as compared with red wheats yield more grain per acre, possess stronger straw, weigh a little more per measured bushel, are slightly softer in the grain, are more useful in the manufacture of shredded wheat and of pastry, and furnish a somewhat weaker flour for bread production.

Winter wheat which was grown on clover sod yielded much better than that which was grown on timothy sod, and that which was grown on land on which field pease were used as a green manure yielded 6.5 bushels of wheat per acre more than that grown on land on which buckwheat was used as a green manure.

Several Experimental Union Tests to Choose From.

In time for seeding this autumn, valuable material will be sent out from the College to those farmers residing in Ontario who wish to conduct experiments upon their own farms through the medium of the Experimental Union. The material will be supplied, free of charge, to those who wish to conduct the experiments and report the results in the early autumn of 1924. Any Ontario farmer may apply for the material for any one of the following seven experiments: (1) Three choice varieties of Winter Wheat (including O. A. C. No. 104); (2) One variety of Winter Rye and one of Winter Wheat; (3) Spring applications of 0vo Fertilisers with Winter Wheat; (4) Autumn and Spring applications of Nitrate of Soda and Common Salt with Winter Wheat; (5) Winter Emmer and Winter Barley; (6) Hairy Vetches and Winter Rye as fodder crops; (7) Mixtures of Winter Rye and Hairy Vetches for seed production.

The size of each plot is to be one rod wide by two rods long. Fertilisers will be sent by express for Experiment No. 4 the Autumn, and for Experiment Number 5 next Spring. All seed will be sent by mail except that for Number 4 which will accompany the fertilisers. The material will be sent out in the order in which the applications are received, and as long as the supply lasts.—O. A. Zavitz, O. A. C., Guelph.

Then She Called the Dog.

Lady of House—"Go along! I have nothing for you." Tramp—"Now don't get excited, lady; I was tempted to steal some turkey at de last house, and having found de wishbone, I called thinkin' yer might like to break it wid me."—Boston Evening Transcrip.

Superstitions About Stones.

Enchanted stones with extraordinary properties are said to exist in various parts of Great Britain.

At Glamis Castle is St. Orlando's Stone, which was reputed to have the power of prophesying future events. Girls frequented the spot to discover their destiny, and many a lover went there to plight his troth.

According to tradition, some stones, called "speaking-stones," call out when a dead body is about upon them, and raise a sound to contradict anyone guilty of swearing falsely by them.

The Llechafar, or speaking-stone at St. David's Cathedral, served as a bridge across the river Alyn, and it was unlawful to carry a dead body over it. When such a crime occurred, the stone lifted its voice in protest and split in two, aghast at the indignity.

There are stones that are supposed to travel from one place to another without human aid. The dancing-stones of Stackpool, in Pembrokeshire, are a well-known example. On a certain day these stones are said to meet and travel together to favorite spot. They dance, and after the revel return and resume their usual places!

Superstitions concerning healing-stones were formerly very common. In Carmarthen there are still traces of a white, soft stone that was reputed to cure hydrophobia.

At Iona an upright stone is said to confer the power of good steering upon any sailor who will stretch his arm along it.

The Biggest Sale in the history of Napanee's Leading Bargain Store.....

$25,000 worth of Merchandise goes on Sale

Now that I have disposed of my show I can put forth my whole attention to my store. Please remember, Dear People, that during this sale no goods will be exchanged, and no goods on approval. This is a big Cash Sale and our prices will enable you to stock up and still save money. We are only going to mention for your approval a few prices, the balance not mentioned all go below invoice prices. We will defy our competitors to meet our prices.

Sale Opened Saturday, August 11th

and will continue for 2 weeks only

BARGAIN No. 1

Men's Suits, Blue Serge, reg. $45 for $23.75.
Men's Tweed Suits, reg. $25 for $11.75 ; reg. $15 for $9.75.

BARGAIN No. 2

Boys' Suits, reg. $5 to $12, Sale Price $2.75 to $8.75.

BARGAIN No. 3

Men's and Boys' Overalls, at 25 per cent. off.

BARGAIN No. 4

Men's Raincoats, reg. $15 for $7.75.

BARGAIN No. 5

Men's Panama Hats, (genuine) reg. $3 to $5, Sale Price $1.25.
Men's Caps from $1.00 to $1.50, Sale Price 49c. to 99c.

BARGAIN No. 6

Men's Work Shirts, reg. 85c. to $1.75, Sale Price from 49c. to $1.25.
Men's Work socks, wool, reg. 25c. for 19c.
Men's Cotton Socks, reg. 25c. for 16c.

BARGAIN EXTRA SPECIAL No. 7

Men's Khaki Pants, reg. $2.25, Sale Price $1.69
Combination Overalls, reg. $4.50 for $2.99..
Men's Balbriggan Underwear, reg. 75c. garment for 59c.
Combination Underwear, reg. $1.50 for 99c.

BARGAIN No. 8

Ladies' Fancy House Dresses, reg. $3.00 for $1.69 ; reg. $1.50 for 99c.
Ladies' Aprons, reg. 75c. for 55c.

Ladies' Sweaters, 1-3 per cent. off.
Ladies' Tricolette Waists, 1-3 per cent. off.
Ladies' Corsets, reg. $1.00 for 79c.
Ladies' Corsets, reg. $1.50 for $1.25.
Ladies' Corsets, reg. $2.00 for $1.49.
Ladies' Brassieres, reg. 75c. for 39c.
Ladies' Fancy Silk Camisoles, reg. $1.25 for 85c.
Ladies' Jumpers, reg. $2.50 for $1.85.
Ladies' Jumpers, reg. $1.25 for 99c.
Ladies' Nightgowns, reg. $2.00 for $1.59.
Ladies' Nightgowns, reg. $1.50 for $1.25.
Ladies' Nightgowns, reg. $1.25 for 85c.

BARGAIN DE LUXE No. 9

Ladies' and Children's Middies, Middy Suits and Children's Dresses going at Half Price.

BARGAIN No. 10

Ladies' Vests, reg. 25c. for 15c.
Ladies' Vests, reg. 50c. for 35c.
Ladies' Vests, reg. 75c. for 55c.
Ladies' Bloomers, reg. 50c. for 29c.

BARGAIN No. 11

Ladies' Silk Hose from 25c. up.
Cotton Hose (Brown and Black) reg. 25c. for 15c.
Children's Ribbed Hose, reg. 35c. for 19c. Colors Black, Brown and White.

BARGAIN No. 12

Plain Window Shades, reg. $1.00 for 69c.
Curtaining by yard, on sale from 15c. up.

BARGAIN No. 13

Sheeting, 76 in. wide, reg. 75c. for 55c. yd. ; 70 in. wide, reg. 60c. for 45c. ; 36 in. wide, reg. 25c. for 19c. ; 36 in. wide, reg. 20c. for 12½c.
Light Print, reg. 25c. for 15c.
Dark Print, reg. 30c. for 20c.
English Ginghams, fast colors, reg. 35c. for 25c. ; reg. 25c. for 17c.

BARGAIN No. 14

Coats' 200 yd. Thread, 6 to a customer, 5c. spool.
Coats' 150 yd., 4c. spool.
Linen Thread, reg. 10c. for 5c.
Ladies' fine mesh Hair Nets, reg. 10c. for 5c. ; reg. 5c. Sale Price 3 for 5c.

BARGAIN "DELUXE" 15

Ladies' Raincoats, reg. $5 and $10, Sale Price $2.49.

BARGAIN No. 16

Knitting Yarns, 2 oz. balls, reg. 35c. for 20c. ; 1 oz. balls, reg. 15c. for 10c. Buy your yarns at these prices.

BARGAIN No. 17

HOUSEHOLD NECESSITIES

China Cups and Saucers, reg. $3 doz. for $2.25.
Clover Leaf Cups and Saucers, reg. $2.50 doz., Sale Price $1.69 doz.
Clover Leaf Cups only, reg. 15c. for 10c.
White Cups, reg. $1.25 doz. for 75c. doz.
Glass and Graniteware 1-3 per cent. off.

BARGAIN No. 18

Men's Pipes, reg. 50c. for 15c.
Men's Rubber Belts, reg. 50c. for 19c.
Men's Garters, reg. 35c. for 19c.
Men's Leather Belts, reg. 25c. for 10c.
Our notion counter is stocked to capacity for your benefit.

If we mentioned any more goods it would take a whole newspaper to do so. You will find more goods displayed on sale at our store. We are out to please and satisfy and our prices are so appealing that you cannot afford to miss it. We opened our sale on Saturday, August 11th, to give the farmers a chance to be here for opening day. This wonderful $25,000 Bargain Sale is at

M. MAKER'S

The Leading Bargain Store. Next to Strand Theatre.

NAPANEE, ONT.

NO TIME LIKE THE PRESENT

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Everything New in Jewellery

New Ear Rings just arrived at very Reasonable Prices.

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The old Reliable Napanee Jewellery Store

At your service for 80 years.

FRED S. SCOTT

BARBER and TOBACCONIST

John St.

(One door south of Express Office.)

Everything clean and sanitary.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

We carry a full line of pipes, cigarettes and tobacco. Our prices are right

Bring your films to us. 25 years experience at developing and printing. Enlargements made on short notice. Mail orders will receive prompt attention.

Auto Owners Attention !

30 x 3½ Tires, non-skid, $8.25—Regular $2.50 30 x 3½ Tubes for $2.00—Motor Oil, 80c., 5 gallon lots, 75c.

Spark Plugs 40c., 4 for $1.50—6, 8, 21 c.p. head lamps, 45c. See our new timers for Fords. Bicycle tires 28 x 1½, $1.50, tubes 75c., new Bicycles $35.00. And all Auto and Bicycle supplies at lowest prices.

3 60-watt Tungsten Lamps $1.00, at

ALBERT SMITH'S

West of Campbell House

Do You Need a Refrigerator ?

Warm weather will come and a Refrigerator is a necessity. Come in and examine the

BARNET and RENFREW REFRIGERATORS.

COAL OIL STOVES

GARDEN SUPPLIES, Tools, Seeds.

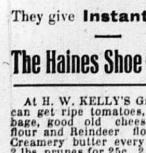
DAVY & ALLISON,

Next to Caton's.

Feet Hurt ?

Come to our Foot Comfort Department and learn how hundreds of people suffering with corns, callouses, bunions and weak feet have been benefited by Dr. Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies.

Let Our Foot Comfort Demonstrator Show You



For

Corns, Callouses, and Bunions

Use

Dr. Scholl's Zin Ox Pads.

They give **Instant Relief**

The Haines Shoe Houses

At H. W. KELLY'S Grocery you can get ripe tomatoes, new cabbage, good old cheese, Purity flour and Reindeer flour, fresh Creamery butter every day, also 2 lbs. prunes for 25c., 2 cans Corn 25c., new Cheese 23c., 2 lbs. Seedless Raisins 35c. The best Coffee, pure. Try it, we will grind it while you wait. We pay the highest price for eggs.

Campbell House Corner.

If you are interested M. Maker's adv. on page 7 will make interesting reading for you.

The flag on the Town Hall is at half mast out of respect to the memory of Mr. John Lowry.

Good coal, $14.25, F.O.B. Napanee, providing four or five go together and take a car. Address G. W. Richardson, 197 William St., Kingston.

You will have solid comfort if you wear a pair of our cushion soled Boots or Oxfords with rubber heels at WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

On Thursday evening, Mr. Wm. Ballance, Strathcona, while returning home with his tractor, had a narrow escape from death. In crossing the track at Strathcona he failed to hear or see an approaching train, which hit the tractor, nearly demolishing it. Mr. Ballance fortunately escaped unhurt.

G. L. Howard or Geo. Toppigs as he is known to many was brought before His Honor Judge Deroche at Belleville, on Monday on a charge of breaking and entering Thompson's garage, Deseronto, and stealing a car there, and was sentenced to not less than three months or more than two years, less one day, in the Mimico Reformatory.

"God, even our own God, shall bless us," Ps. 67-6; "The commandment of the Lord is pure, enlightening the eyes," Ps. 19-8; "The earth shall be full of the knowledge of the Lord, as the waters cover the sea," Isa. 11-9; "Whosoever shall do the will of My Father which is in Heaven, the same is My brother and sister, and mother," Mat. 12-50; "O the depth of the riches both of the wisdom and knowledge of God! how unsearchable are His judgments, and His ways past finding out," Rom. 11-33.

Blind unbelief is sure to err,
And scan His work in vain;
God is His own interpreter,
And He will make it plain.

A BIBLE LOVER.

DESERONTO

The St. Mark's Sunday School picnic took place under ideal weather conditions on Thursday. The steamer Brockville which had been chartered for the occasion was well filled when it left the dock at 8 o'clock. The journey was enlivened with music and the rattle of the bones, and calls were made at Point Ann and Belleville. The party arrived at Twelve O'Clock Point at 12 noon, and the grass and tables were soon busy with picnickers. After lunch foot races for the children, egg and spoon races and thread the needle races for the ladies, sack and three-leg races for the youths were contested. The party returned to their homes at 8 p.m., elated but very well pleased with the day's outing.

Word was received by Mrs. Alex. Foote, of Thomas street, on Thursday evening that her husband had met with a serious accident while following his employment at the Canadian Distilleries at Corbyville. Mrs. Foote at once took train to Belleville and on arrival there went to the General hospital to which place the injured man had been taken after the accident. Mr. Foote was too ill to talk to Mrs. Foote and the doctors stated that he had broken three ribs but would recover.

NEWBURGH.

"It's very hot and dry," is being substituted for good-day as a salutation in this locality.

The baseball teams played their last league game on Wednesday with Yarker, beating the latter team by a score of 10 to 9. They also played a friendly game with Yarker on Saturday when they were again victors by a score of 10 to 6. These games furnished som compensation for the trimming Yarker gave them in their first game. It has also encouraged the officials of the local team to look for further worlds to conquer, offering to fill engagements to play at fall fairs, etc.

Rev. R. W. Spencer, who is appointed to the parish of Camden East and Newburgh, conducted his first services on Sunday, 5th, when he was greeted by large congregations. Rev. Mr. Spencer spent twelve years in this parish up to 1921, when he accepted an appointment to Gananoque. His old parishioners here are pleased to have him back again.

The Paul family in Newburgh and vicinity pulled off a very successful picnic at Beaver Lake on Saturday last in honor of Mr. John Paul and his bride from Toronto, who are spending their honeymoon here. They report a most enjoyable day and brought home some fine specimens of bass and pike.

The Specialty Paper Mill, located between here and Camden East, started to manufacture paper on Monday last. This mill has had a rather uphill encounter with adverse circumstances. It is hoped that it is now started on a long and successful run.

Rev. Dr. Gandier, Principal of Knox College, Toronto, preached in the Co-operative Church here on Sunday night last. Dr. Gandier dropped off here to visit his father and other members of the family, while on his way back from England, where he was attending the World Missionary Conference.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Mabee and Master Jack Blakely, of Prince Edward County, were the guests of Mr. Charles Welbanks and his daughter, Maud, over the week-end.

Mr. John Melburn, of Colorado, spent a few days visiting his sisters, Mrs. Wagar and Mrs. Ferris.

Rev. Mr. Nickle and family are preparing to be off on a three weeks' holiday.

Mr. Vandevoort and family are spending their holidays at Bowmanville and other western points.

Mr. Andrew Russell, a farmer of Camden, died on Sunday morning. Mr. Russell was a familiar figure in Newburgh, where he was well and favorably known.

Preserving Time.

Crown and Perfect Seal Fruit Jars, good red rubber rings, metal screw tops, preserving kettles, spoons and all other necessities. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

PERSONALS

Mr. Vernon Carnahan, Batavia, N.Y., spent last week in Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Abell and children, Toronto, are guests of Mrs. John Coates.

Mr. Howard Miller, New York, is visiting his father, Mr. S. R. Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Waitson and family are spending a couple of weeks at St. Thomas.

Mrs. John Pollard spent last week in Marlbank, the guest of Mrs. Nettie Clark.

Master Donald Caton is visiting his aunts, the Misses Caton, Toronto.

Mrs. (Dr.) Oldham, Yarker, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. John Lowry.

Miss Margaret Flynn, Erinsville, spent last week with her sister, Miss Lillie Flynn.

Miss Myrtle Cousins, Belleville, spent last week with her aunt, Mrs. Vandewater.

Miss Muriel Solmes, Watertown, N. Y., is visiting relatives in Napanee.

Messrs. Aubrey Garrison and Arnold Rogers are spending a couple of weeks camping at Stoco Lake.

Mrs. T. A. Campbell and daughter, Toronto, are guests of Mrs. W. A. Daly.

Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Snider and Mr. Robt. Snider, Watertown, N. Y., spent the week-end the guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Snider.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Blewitt are at their cottage at Sans Souci.

Miss Helen Carscallen, Carrollton, spent last week the guest of Miss Esther Ballance.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Boyle, Mr. Will Boyle and Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Jewell spent the week-end on a motor trip to Syracuse, N.Y.

Mrs. W. J. Jewell is visiting her sister in Picton.

Miss Marjorie Parks, Toronto, is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Parks, Hay Bay.

Mrs. F. J. Roblin is in Toronto at the bedside of her sister, who is very ill.

Mrs. O. S. Davis was called to Picton on Monday to attend the funeral of her uncle, Mr. Geo. Bushell.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lloyd, of Potsdam, N.Y., Mr. Geo. Francisco and daughter, Sadie, and Mrs. Abbott, of Kingston, spent Sunday the guests of Mrs. N. Vanalstine, Mill St.

Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Cook and little daughter, Margaret Sybil, and Mrs. Sybil Brown left for their home in Rochester on Tuesday, after spending a week with Mr. and Mrs. Gideon Garrison and Mrs. S. Dryden.

Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Cook and little daughter, Margaret Sybil, Mrs. Sybil Brown, of Rochester, N. Y., and other friends of Napanee, spent last Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McCabe, Hay Bay, and everyone enjoyed the day.

BIRTHS

Parks—At Napanee, on Thursday, July 12th, 1923, to Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Parks, a daughter—Lillian Helena.

Sexsmith—At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Cameron G. Sexsmith, Gosport, Ont., on August 9th, 1923, a daughter.

(Kingston papers please copy.)

DEATHS

Clark—At Napanee, on Friday, Aug. 10, 1923, Ida Jane, beloved wife of Mr. Wm. Clark, aged 55 years.

Lowry—At Napanee, on Tuesday, Aug. 14th, 1923, John Lowry, in his 82nd year.

Stratton—At Stonewall, Man., on Sunday, Aug. 5th, 1923, Anna Margaret, widow of the late C. A. Stratton, in her 92nd year.

THURSDAY.

Many tourists in Alberta take up land.

Western farmers are unloading sows.

Coolidge has conference on coal situation.

The Irish Dail dissolves; polling day on August 27.

Marks descend to thirty million to the pound sterling.

Spot Cash wins the Dominion Handicap run at Fort Erie.

Steamer Glenesley, aground near Prescott, in precarious condition.

Dr. Murray will likely coach the University of Toronto football teams.

Saskatchewan "blue sky" law decision to be carried to Supreme Court.

Canadian Teachers' Association guests at banquet of Quebec Government.

Harvest of spring grains in Ontario is not equal to early expectations.

Nanaimo won the Connaught Cup, beating Montreal C.P.R. in the final, 1 to 0.

In the international soccer game at Toronto Scotland beat Ireland by 3 to 0.

Ottawa marksman wins first place in Bankers' match at Ontario Rifle meeting.

Federal Cabinet considering problems to come before Imperial Conference.

Gordon Spanner, Toronto, beat Westenhaver, Cleveland tennis star, at Niagara Falls.

Ontario Provincial Department sending experimental shipment of peaches to Britain.

Mrs. Harding give "Laddie Boy," late President's Airedale terrier, to secret service man.

Discovery week celebration at Sault ends with elaborate performance of Hiawatha play.

FRIDAY.

Curtain rung down on the first Irish Parliament.

Strut Miss Lizzie wins two-year-old race at Fort Erie.

Crops are fair in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces.

Province will turn Alfred peat bog over to private operators.

French assert Chancellor Cuno is toppling as kaiser toppled.

Boom to nominate Coolidge for Presidency in 1924 starts.

Belleville Cheese Board seeks repeal of Dairy Standards Act.

Chitcherin to demand explanation from London of Rakovsky ban.

Hay fork rope, binder twine. Place your order early. DAVY & ALLISON.

Reg. $4.75 and $6.50 Dresses On Sale at $3.19

These Dresses come in two clever Misses' styles. One is made from Chambray and the other from checked Gingham.

Choose early.

COURTESY

A pretty young woman stepped into a music shop in the city the other day. She tripped up to the counter where a new assistant was assorting music, and in her sweetest tones asked : "Have you Kissed Me in the Moonlight ?"

The assistant turned, looked, and said : "If must have been the man at the other counter. I've only been here a week."

—Selected

New Scarfs Have Just Arrived

An astounding amount of swagger and chic is obtained by one of these colored scarfs. They are long enough to be tucked under belt of coat.

Come in Silk and Wool combinations.

VALUE IS A BIG THING !

At least it is to us, and that is the reason why we strive to "give something" extra to our customers—a little more in service, a little more in quality, a little more in value—a little more of all three whenever it is possible. It's this policy that we will always adhere to. Our prices are always consistently low, but more than that, we bring super-efforts to bear in order to give you the utmost in Value, every shopping day in the year.

Our August Prices are Exceedingly Attractive

THE ROBINSON COMPANY, Limited.

A SUIT THIS FALL WILL FILL YOUR REQUIREMENTS NICELY. WE HAVE MANY LOVELY GARMENTS

Many women figure "That Fall is the logical time to buy a Suit." It does seem to be the ideal garment to wear during late August, September and October. Its weight affords plenty of protection from chilly winds, yet not too burdensome for sunshiny skies.

Tricotine, Poiret Twill, Velour, Duvetyn and Tweed are the popular materials featured, while Navy, Black and Brown are "Best" in colors.

The slender silhouette, so ably expressed by the tailored suit, holds full sway. On these models, ornamentation is confined to narrow silk braids, pin tuckings and thread stitchings. The lining of our Suits, which are usually guaranteed Silks or Satins, adds an aristocratic air to these garments. The finish and tailoring on these suits will win your admiration.

We will be delighted to show you. Suits are priced from $19.50 to $50.00.

LET YOUR NEXT CORSET BE A GOSSARD. YOUR PROPER CORSET IS AMONG THEIR IDEAL FIGURE TYPES

The same idea that dominates the styles in women's outwear influences the modes in Corsets. The graceful, slender silhouette so fashionable, is evidenced in the new corset styles for Fall. "Gossard" lines for Fall are fashioned with a thorough understanding of the requirements of the women of 1923.

The nine distinct types of Gossard Corsets assures the perfect corseting of every figure, no matter what one's particular corset needs may be, a Gossard can be found to give complete satisfaction.

Not only does one find a Gossard Corset the greatest possible measure of comfort and beauty, but the highest quality, assuring one of maximum wear and practicability.

"Gossards" carry no extra charge because of their superior quality.

We have "Gosards" priced as low as $2.75.

Choose your Fall requirements early.

MENTIONING A FEW SPECIAL VALUES PROCURABLE IN OUR STAPLE DEPARTMENT, WHICH SHOULD BE OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

All Linen Towelling, plain Tan, also natural and white stripe, 16 in. wide, for 18c. yd.

16 x 34 plain hemmed all linen Huckaback Towels, $1.25 value for 75c. a pair.

18 x 36 colored Turkish Towels, good heavy weigh, regular $1.00 value for 36c. each or 72c. pair.

Extra good value colored Turkish Towelling in Tan and White stripe, with blue border, 45c. value for 35c. yd.

Natural linen shade embroidered Table and Sideboard Scarfs, 18 x 45, at 60c. each, 18 x 54 in. for 75c. each.

Laundry Bags, embroidered in colors, on natural shade, 20 x 30 in., finished with draw string, at 75c. and $1.00 each.

36 in. wide Butterfly fine Lingerie Cotton. Mauve on White and Mauve on Pink, specially priced at 25c. A very low price for such a dainty Lingerie Cotton.

THERE IS REAL MONEY'S WORTH IN THIS SILK SPECIAL

ODDS AND ENDS TO CLEAR, PER YD. $1.48

This special lot will feature Pongee, Habutai, Taffeta, Poplin, Wash Satin—regular values to $3.00 per yd. Every color in each line is not represented, but a pleasing range of various colors in all the different weaves will be available.

A TIMELY SERGE SPECIAL WILL INTEREST MOTHERS OF GIRLS WHO WILL SOON BE AT SCHOOL AGAIN

54 in. fine quality pure Wool Serge, splendid weight, $1.48 per yard.

Also this same quality in Black.

GLASSWARE

Good strong Water Glasses, 5c. each, 60c. doz.

Very heavy, extra clear, Colonial Tumblers, 12½c. each, $1.50 doz.

Clear blown bell shape Glasses, 12½c. each, $1.50 doz.

Clear blown bell shape Wines, 10c. each, $1.00 doz.

Extra fine cut glass Tumblers, star pattern or grape, very special value, 12½c. each, $1.50 doz.

See our Cut Glass Novelties from 12½c. to $1.00.

Lunch Kits with Thermos Bottle, $2.25.

Thermos Bottles, (pints) 75c.

Refills for same, 60c.

Picnic Plates, 10c. doz., 85c. per 100.

Wax Paper Cups, 10 for 10c.

Wax Lunch Paper, 5c. per roll.

Palm Leaf Fans, 10c. each.

Japanese Lanterns, 10c. each, $1.00 per doz.

Good kitchen or camp Mirrors, 50c.

Special 8-in. Fruit Bowl, attractive design, 25c. each.

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